# ANTIBODIES ONLINE

# Datasheet for ABIN1043737 anti-BIN1 antibody

1 Image

1 Publication



#### Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	BIN1
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunoprecipitation (IP),
	Fluorescence Microscopy (FM)

### Product Details

Purpose:	BIN1 Antibody
Immunogen:	Immunogen: Anti-BIN1 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody was produced in mouse by repeated immunizations with BIN1 polypeptide followed by hybridoma development. Immunogen Type: Recombinant Protein
Clone:	99F
Isotype:	lgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	BIN1 antibody is specific for human BIN1 protein.
Characteristics:	Synonyms: mouse anti-BIN1 Antibody, AMPHL, Myc box-dependent-interacting protein 1, Amphiphysin II, Amphiphysin-like protein, Box-dependent myc-interacting protein 1, Bridging integrator 1, BIN 1, BIN-1, BIN1 antibody, anti-BIN1 antibody
Purification:	Anti-BIN1 was purified from concentrated tissue culture supernate by Protein G chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above.

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#### Product Details

Sterility:

Sterile filtered

# Target Details

Target:	BIN1
Alternative Name:	BIN1 (BIN1 Products)
Background:	Background: Bin1 is a conserved member of the BAR family of genes that have been implicated
	in diverse cellular processes including endocytosis, actin organization, programmed cell death,
	stress responses, and transcriptional control. The first mammalian BAR protein to be
	discovered, Amphiphysin I (AmphI), was identified in an immunoscreen for proteins associated
	with the plasma membranes of synaptic neurons, functions in the control of clathrin-dependent
	synaptic vesicle endocytosis. The mammalian Bin1 gene was first identified in a two hybrid
	screen for polypeptides that bind to the N-terminal Myc box 1 (MB1) portion of the c-Myc
	oncoprotein. Bin1 is similar to AmphI in overall structure, with an N-terminal BAR domain and a
	C-terminal SH3 domain. However, the Bin1 gene is more complex than the AmphI gene,
	encoding at least seven different splice variants that differ widely in subcellular localization,
	tissue distribution, and ascribed functions. Alternate splicing of the Bin1 gene results in ten
	transcript variants encoding different isoform. Bin1 is expressed ubiquitously in mammalian
	cells. Certain splice variants of Bin1 are expressed in the neurons, muscle cells or tumor cells
	and play a role in cancer suppression. Studies in muscle cells suggest that Bin1 expression,
	structure, and localization are tightly regulated during muscle differentiation and suggested that
	Bin1 plays a functional role in the differentiation process. Defects in BIN1 are the cause of
	centronuclear myopathy autosomal recessive, also known as autosomal recessive myotubular
	myopathy.
Gene ID:	274
NCBI Accession:	NP_004296

UniProt:

000499

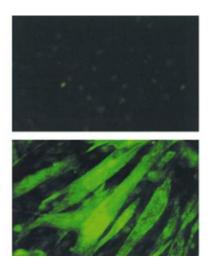
## Application Details

Application Notes:	Application Note: Anti-BIN1 antibody has been tested for use in ELISA, Western Blot, IP, and IF.
	Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user.
	Western Blot Dilution: 1:500-1:1500
	Immunoprecipitation Dilution: 10-100 µL
	ELISA Dilution: 1:5000 - 1:50000

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# Application Details

	IF Microscopy Dilution: 1:100-1:500
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
	Stabilizer: None
	Preservative: 0.01 % (w/v) Sodium Azide
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended
	storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after
	standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted
	liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months
Publications	
Product cited in:	Wechsler-Reya, Elliott, Prendergast: "A role for the putative tumor suppressor Bin1 in muscle
	cell differentiation." in: <b>Molecular and cellular biology</b> , Vol. 18, Issue 1, pp. 566-75, (1998) (
	PubMed).



Growth

Differentiation



**Image 1.** Immunofluorescence Microscopy of Mouse Anti-BIN1 Antibody. Cells: C2C12 cells during growth or differentiation. Fixation: 0.5% PFA. Antigen retrieval: not required. Primary antibody: BIN-1 (Exon 10 specific, 99F) monoclonal antibody. Secondary antibody: mouse secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: BIN1 is nuclear and cytoplasmic. Staining: BIN 1 as green fluorescent signal.

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