

Datasheet for ABIN1078008 anti-FAS antibody (AA 26-173)

2 Images 2 Publications



Go to Product page

\sim			
()	1/0	r\/I	ΘM
\cup	$\vee \subset$	I V I	lew

Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	FAS	
Binding Specificity:	AA 26-173	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This FAS antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Factor Related Apoptosis (FAS)	
Immunogen:	Recombinant Factor Related Apoptosis (FAS)	
Isotype:	IgG	
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against FAS. It has been selected for its ability to recognize FAS in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.	
Cross-Reactivity:	Pig	
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography	

Target Details

Target:	FAS	
Alternative Name:	Factor Related Apoptosis (FAS Products)	
Background:	CD95, ALPS1A, ALPS1-A, APO1, APT1, FAS1, FASTM, TNFRSF6, Fas Receptor, TNF Receptor Superfamily Member 6, Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Superfamily Member 6	
Pathways:	p53 Signaling, Apoptosis, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response, Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.5-2 μg/mL,Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	0.5 mg/mL	
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.	
Preservative:	ProClin, Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled.	
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.	
Handling Advice:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of	
Handling Advice: Storage:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.	

Handling

Expiry Date:

24 months

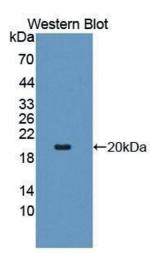
Publications

Product cited in:

Malik, Pal, Gupta: "EGF-mediated reduced miR-92a-1-5p controls HTR-8/SVneo cell invasion through activation of MAPK8 and FAS which in turn increase MMP-2/-9 expression." in: **Scientific reports**, Vol. 10, Issue 1, pp. 12274, (2020) (PubMed).

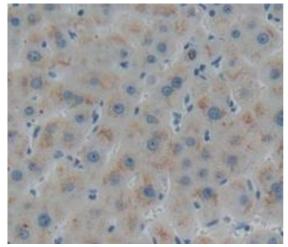
Garnero: "The Utility of Biomarkers in Osteoporosis Management." in: **Molecular diagnosis & therapy**, Vol. 21, Issue 4, pp. 401-418, (2017) (PubMed).

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Human Tissue