

Datasheet for ABIN1078555
anti-SDC4 antibody (AA 23-149)[Go to Product page](#)

2 Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	SDC4
Binding Specificity:	AA 23-149
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This SDC4 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	SDC4 (Gly23-Glu149)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against SDC4. It has been selected for its ability to recognize SDC4 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	SDC4
Abstract:	SDC4 Products
Background:	Alternative Names: SYND4, Amphiglycan, Ryudocan, Ryudocan core protein

Target Details

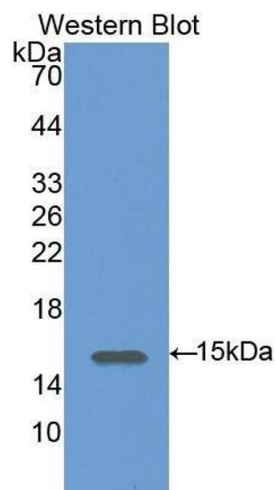
Pathways: [Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process](#)

Application Details

Application Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

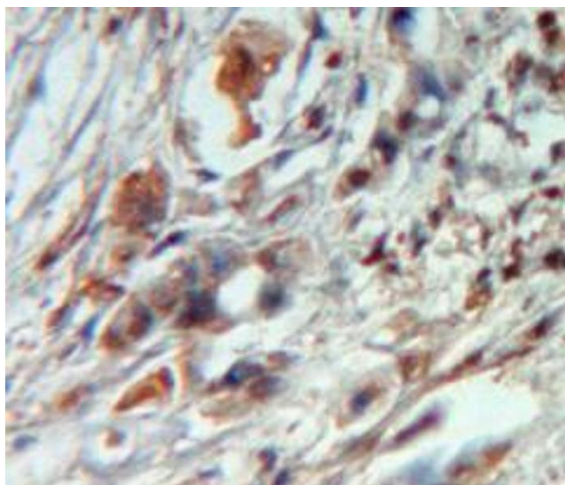
Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 °C for 12 months.
Expiry Date:	12 months



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Used in DAB staining on fromalin fixed paraffin-embedded pancreas tissue