

Datasheet for ABIN1105795

anti-TNFRSF1A antibody (Biotin)

1 Publication



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Overview

Quantity:	50 μg
Target:	TNFRSF1A
Reactivity:	Human, Rat
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This TNFRSF1A antibody is conjugated to Biotin
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA)

Product Details

Clone:	H398
Isotype:	lgG2a
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Species reactivity (tested):Human, rat
Purification:	Protein G

Target Details

Target:	TNFRSF1A
Alternative Name:	CD120a / TNFR1 (TNFRSF1A Products)
Background:	TNF-RI (~55-60 kDa) is present on most cell types and is considered to play a prominent role in cell stimulation by TNF-alpha. TNF-alpha activates inflammatory responses, induces apoptosis,
	regulates cellular proliferation, and may even promote cancer progression. The effects of TNF-

alpha are mediated by TNF-RI and TNF-RII, which have both distinct and overlapping downstream signaling cascades. Induction of cytotoxicity and other functions are mediated largely via TNF-RI. TNF-RI is equally well activated by both the 17 kDa soluble and 26 kDa membrane-bound form, whereas TNF-RII is efficiently activated only by the membrane bound form of TNF-alpha. TNF-RI signaling is initiated when trimeric TNF-alpha binds TNF-RI receptors. Subsequent TNF-RI trimerization promotes the recruitment of a proximal signaling complex composed of TNF Receptor Associated protein with a Death Domain (TRADD), Receptor Interacting Protein (RIP), cellular Inhibitor of Apoptosis Protein 1 (cIAP1), TNF Receptor Associated Factor 2 (TRAF2), and likely TRAF5. Studies with TNF-RI-deficient mice indicate that TNF-RI mediates most of the proliferation, pro-inflammatory, and apoptosis-activating pathways. Synonyms: TNF-R1, TNF-RI, TNFR-I, Tnfrsf1a, Tumor necrosis factor receptor 1, Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A, Tumor necrosis factor receptor type I, p55, p60

Gene ID: 9606
UniProt: P19438
Pathways: NF-kappaB Signaling, Apoptosis, Caspase Cascade in Apoptosis, Hepatitis C, Ubiquitin

Proteasome Pathway

Application Details

Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Concentration:	0.1 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, 0.02 % sodium azide, 1 % bovine serum albumin
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Prior to reconstitution store at -70 °C. Following reconstitution store the antibody (in aliquots) a

Handling

	-20 °C for 6 month.
Expiry Date:	6 months
Publications	
Product cited in:	Krippner-Heidenreich, Grunwald, Zimmermann, Kühnle, Gerspach, Sterns, Shnyder, Gill, Männel,

Krippner-Heidenreich, Grunwald, Zimmermann, Kühnle, Gerspach, Sterns, Shnyder, Gill, Männel, Pfizenmaier, Scheurich: "Single-chain TNF, a TNF derivative with enhanced stability and antitumoral activity." in: **Journal of immunology (Baltimore, Md.: 1950)**, Vol. 180, Issue 12, pp. 8176-83, (2008) (PubMed).