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anti-NMDA 1 Receptor antibody (N-Term)



Image



Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	0.1 mg
Target:	NMDA 1 Receptor (NMDA R1)
Binding Specificity:	N-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This NMDA 1 Receptor antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminal of human NMDAR1
	.Remarks: Sequence is identical to the related rat and mouse sequence.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	This antibody detects NMDA Receptor 1 (N-term). No cross reactivity with other proteins.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Species reactivity (tested):Human, rat, mouse
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified
Target Details	
Target:	NMDA 1 Receptor (NMDA R1)
Alternative Name:	NMDA Receptor 1 (NMDA R1 Products)

Target Details

Background:

The NMDA receptor (NMDAR) is a specific type of ionotropic glutamate receptor. NMDA (Nmethyl D-aspartate) is the name of a selective agonist that binds to NMDA receptors but not to other glutamate receptors. Glutamate receptors are the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptors in the mammalian brain and are activated in a variety of normal neurophysiologic processes. NMDAR1 gene is mapped to 9q34.3 and encodes a 938-amino acid protein which showed high evolutionary conservation in structure and physiologic properties. It consists of 21 exons distributed over about 31 kb. Three of the exons that are alternatively spliced in the rat and which produce 8 isoforms in that species were also present in the human sequence. The promoter region contained 2 DNA binding sites for the homeobox proteins 'even-skipped'. The gene is a candidate for the site of the mutation in torsion dystonia. The NMDA receptor is a non-specific cation channel and thus directly contributes to excitatory synaptic transmission by depolarizing the postsynaptic cell. NMDA receptors are modulated by a number of endogenous and exogenous compounds and play a key role in a wide range of physiologic and pathologic processes, such as excitotoxicity. Synonyms: GRIN1, Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit zeta-1, NMDAR1

Gene ID:	2902
NCBI Accession:	NP_000823
UniProt:	Q05586

Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.

Application Details

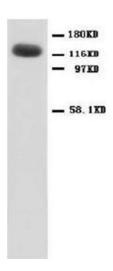
Application Notes:

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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Handling	
Reconstitution:	0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 μg/mL.
Buffer:	5 mg BSA, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na2HPO4, 0.05 mg Thimerosal, 0.05 mg NaN3
Preservative:	Sodium azide, Thimerosal (Merthiolate)
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide and Thimerosal (Merthiolate): a POISONOUS AND
	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C

Storage Comment:

Store at 2 - 8 °C for up to one month or (in aliquots) at -20 °C for longer.

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. NMDAR1 Polyclonal Antibody