

# Datasheet for ABIN1112552

# **ACVA ELISA Kit**



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Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	ACVA
Reactivity:	Rat
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	62.5-4000 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	62.5 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA
Product Details	
Purpose:	For quantitative detection of Activin A in serum, body fluids, tissue lysates or cell culture supernates.
Sample Type:	Cell Culture Supernatant, Serum, Tissue Lysate
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Sensitivity:	< 12 pg/mL
Components:	1. One 96-well plate pre-coated with anti-Rat Activin A antibody 2. Lyophilized Activin A standards: 2 tubes (10ng / tube) 3. Sample / Standard diluent buffer: 30ml 4. Biotin conjugated anti-Rat ACTIVIN A antibody (Concentrated): 130 μl.
Material not included:	1. 37 °C incubator 2. Microplate reader (wavelength: 450nm) 3. Precise pipette and disposable pipette tips 4. Automated plate washer 5. ELISA shaker 6. 1.5ml of Eppendorf tubes 7. Plate cover 8. Absorbent filter papers 9. Plastic or glass container with volume of above 1L

## **Target Details**

Target:	ACVA		
Alternative Name:	Activin A (ACVA Products)		
Background:	Activin A, the homodimer of the beta-A subunit, is a cytokine member of the transforming growth factor-beta superfamily. It is produced in the gonads, pituitary gland, placenta, and other organs, and is expressed locally by the mesenchymal component of the hemopoietic microenvironment. It had a mitogenic effect on mouse osteoblastic cells and suppressed their alkaline phosphatase activity. It also has an important role in the inflammatory response and that FST may have significant therapeutic potential to reduce the severity of inflammatory diseases.		
Pathways:	Hormone Transport, Peptide Hormone Metabolism		
Application Details			
Comment:	This kit was based on sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology. Anti-Activin A polyclonal antibody was pre-coated onto 96-well plates. And the biotin conjugated anti-Activin A polyclonal antibody was used as detection antibodies. The standards test samples and biotin conjugated detection antibody were added - the wells subsequently and wash with wash buffer Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex was added and unbound conjugates were washed away with wash buffer. TMB substrates were used - visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP - produce a blue color product that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is proportional - the Activin A amount of sample captured in plate. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm in a microplate reader and then the concentration of Activin A can be calculated.		
Plate:	Pre-coated		
Reagent Preparation:	1. Before the experiment, centrifuge each kit component for several minutes to bring down all reagents to the bottom of tubes. 2. It is recommend to measure each standard and sample in duplicate. 3. Do NOT let the plate completely dry at any time! Since the dry condition can inactivate the biological material on the plate. 4. Do not reuse pipette tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination. 5. Do not use the expired components and the components from different batches. 6. To avoid the marginal effect of plate incubation for temperature differences (the marginal wells always get stronger reaction), it is recommend to equilibrate the ABC working solution and TMB substrate for at least 30 min at room temperature (37°C) before adding to wells. The TMB substrate (Kit Component 8) is colorless and transparent before use, if not, please contact us for replacement.		

## **Application Details**

Sample Preparation:

Preparation of sample and reagents 1. Sample Isolate the test samples soon after collecting, then, analyze immediately (within 2 hours). Or aliquot and store at -20 °C for long term. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Tissue lysate or body fluids, cell culture supernate: Centrifuge to remove precipitate, analyze immediately or aliquot and store at -20  $^{\circ}$ C .

Serum: Coagulate the serum at room temperature (about 4 hours). Centrifuge at approximately  $1500 \times g$  for 15 min. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store at -20 °C . Note: 1. Coagulate blood samples completely, then, centrifuge, and avoid hemolysis and particle. 2. NaN3 can not be used as test sample preservative, since it is the inhibitor for HRP.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

## Handling

Preservative:

Sodium azide, Thimerosal (Merthiolate)