

Datasheet for ABIN1112667

Lipocalin 2 ELISA Kit



Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	Lipocalin 2 (LCN2)
Reactivity:	Rat
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	156-10000 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	156 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA
Product Details	
Purpose:	For quantitative detection of NGAL in rat serum, plasma, urine, cell culture supernatant or tissue samples.
Purpose: Sample Type:	
	samples.
Sample Type:	samples. Serum, Plasma, Urine, Tissue Samples, Cell Culture Supernatant
Sample Type: Analytical Method:	samples. Serum, Plasma, Urine, Tissue Samples, Cell Culture Supernatant Quantitative

Target Details

Target:	Lipocalin 2 (LCN2)		
Alternative Name:	NGAL / Lipocalin (LCN2 Products)		
Background:	Lipocalin-2 (LCN2), also known as oncogene 24p3 or neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin		
	(NGAL), is a protein associated with neutrophil gelatinase. The 25-kD LCN2 protein is believed		
	to bind small lipophilic substances such as bacteria-derived lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and		
	formylpeptides and may function as a modulator of inflammation. Upon encountering invading		
	bacteria the toll-like receptors on immune cells stimulate the synthesis and secretion of		
	lipocalin-2. Secreted lipocalin-2 then limits bacterial growth by sequestering iron-containing		
	siderophores. Lipocalin-2 also functions as a growth factor.		
Pathways:	Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin, Transition Metal Ion Homeostasis		
Application Details			
Comment:	This kit was based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology.		
	The purified anti-NGAL antibody was pre-coated onto 96-well plates. And the HRP conjugated		
	anti-NGAL antibody was used as detection antibodies. The standards test samples and HRP		
	conjugated detection antibody were added to the wells subsequently mixed and incubated ther		
	unbound conjugates were washed away with wash buffer. TMB substrates (A & B) were used to		
	visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product		
	that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is proportional		
	to the NGAL amount of sample captured in plate. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450nm in a		
	microplate reader and then the concentration of NGAL can be calculated.		
Plate:	Pre-coated		
Reagent Preparation:	1. Before the experiment, centrifuge each kit component for several minutes to bring down all		
	reagents to the bottom of tubes. 2. It is recommend to measure each standard and sample in		
	duplicate. 3. Do NOT let the plate completely dry at any time! Since the dry condition can		
	inactivate the biological material on the plate. 4. Do not reuse pipette tips and tubes to avoid		
	cross contamination. 5. Do not use the expired components and the components from differen		
	batches. 6. To avoid the marginal effect of plate incubation for temperature differences (the		
	marginal wells always get stronger reaction), it is recommend to equilibrate the ABC working		
	solution and TMB substrate for at least 30 min at room temperature (37 $^{\circ}\text{C}$) before adding to		
	wells. The TMB substrate (Kit Component 8) is colorless and transparent before use, if not,		
	please contact us for replacement.		
Sample Preparation:	Preparation of sample and reagents 1. Sample Isolate the test samples soon after collecting,		

then, analyze immediately (within 2 hours). Or aliquot and store at -20 °C for long term. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. Serum: Coagulate at room temperature for 10-20 °C min, then, centrifuge at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. for 20 min to collect supernatant. If precipitation appeared, centrifuge again. Plasma: Collect plasma using EDTA or citrate plasma as an anticoagulant, and mix for 10-20 °C min, centrifuge at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. for 20 min of collection. If precipitation appeared, centrifuge again. Urine: Collect urine using a sterile container, centrifuge at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. for 20 min to collect supernatant. If precipitation appeared, centrifuge again. For collection of hydrothorax and cerebrospinal fluid, take reference to this operation. Cell culture supernatant: For secretory components: use a sterile container to collect. Centrifuge at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. for 20 min to collect supernatant. For intracellular components: Dilute cell suspension with PBS(pH7.2-7.4) to make the cell concentration reached 1 million / ml. Damage cells and release of intracellular components through repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Centrifuge at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. For 20 min to collect supernatant. If precipitation appeared, centrifuge again. Tissue samples: Cut samples and weight, add certain volume of PBS (pH7.4), rapidly frozen with liquid nitrogen. After melting, store samples at 2-8 °C . Add certain volume of PBS (pH7.4), homogenize thoroughly, centrifuge at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. for 20 min to collect supernatant. Note: 1. Coagulate blood samples completely, then, centrifuge, and avoid hemolysis and particle. 2. NaN 3 can not be used as test sample preservative, since it is the inhibitor for HRP. 3. After collecting samples, analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 2. Wash buffer Dilute concentrated Wash buffer (Kit Component 4) 30-fold (1:30) with distilled water (i.e. add 20 ml of concentrated wash buffer into 580 ml of distilled water). 3. Standard Reconstitution of the Lyophilized Rat NGAL standard (Kit Component 2): standard solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment. Two tubes of standard are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment. (Note: Do not dilute the standard directly in the plate) a. 10,000pg/ml of standard solution: Add 0.5 ml of the 13,500pg/ml Standard (Kit Component 2) into 0.175ml Standard diluent buffer (Kit Component 3) and mix thoroughly. b. 5000 pg/ml -> 156 pg/ml of standard solutions: Label 6 Eppendorf tubes with 5000 pg/ml, 2500 pg/ml, 1250 pg/ml, 625 pg/ml, 312 pg/ml, 156 pg/ml, respectively. Aliquot 0.2 ml of the Standard diluent buffer (Kit Component 3) into each tube. Add 0.2 ml of the above 4000 pg/ml standard solution into 1st tube and mix thoroughly. Transfer 0.2 ml from 1st tube to 2nd tube and mix thoroughly. Transfer 0.2 ml from 2nd tube to 3rd tube and mix thoroughly, and so on. Chongqing Biospes Co., Ltd Product Manual

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

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Preservative:

Sodium azide, Thimerosal (Merthiolate)