

Datasheet for ABIN1112703 **VEGFC ELISA Kit**



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Overview

Quantity: 96 tests

Target: VEGFC

Reactivity: Human

Method Type: Sandwich ELISA

Detection Range: 31.2-2000 pg/mL

Minimum Detection Limit: 31.2 pg/mL

Application: ELISA

Product Details

Purpose: For quantitative detection of VEGF-C in human serum, plasma, body fluids, tissue lysates or cell culture supernatants.

Sample Type: Cell Culture Supernatant, Plasma, Serum, Tissue Lysate

Analytical Method: Quantitative

Detection Method: Colorimetric

Sensitivity: < 3 pg/mL

Components: 1. One 96-well plate pre-coated with anti-Human VEGF-C antibody 2. Lyophilized Human VEGF-C standards: 2 tubes (10ng / tube) 3. Sample / Standard diluent buffer: 30ml 4. Biotin conjugated anti-Human VEGF-C antibody (Concentrated): 130 µl.

Material not included: 1. 37 °C incubator 2. Microplate reader (wavelength: 450nm) 3. Precise pipette and disposable pipette tips 4. Automated plate washer 5. ELISA shaker 6. 1.5ml of Eppendorf tubes 7. Plate cover 8. Absorbent filter papers 9. Plastic or glass container with volume of above 1L

Target Details

Target:	VEGFC
Alternative Name:	VEGF-C (VEGFC Products)
Background:	<p>Vascular endothelial growth factor C (VEGF-C) is a member of the platelet-derived growth factor/vascular endothelial growth factor (PDGF/VEGF) family. It is active in angiogenesis, lymphangiogenesis and endothelial cell growth and survival, and can also affect the permeability of blood vessels. This secreted protein undergoes a complex proteolytic maturation, generating multiple processed forms that bind and activate VEGFR-3 receptors. Karkkainen et al. (2004) found that VEGFC and VEGF, unlike VEGFB and VEGFD, are essential for embryonic survival and lymphangiogenesis.</p>
Pathways:	RTK Signaling , Signaling Events mediated by VEGFR1 and VEGFR2

Application Details

Comment:	<p>This kit was based on sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology. Anti-VEGF-C polyclonal antibody was pre-coated onto 96-well plates. And the biotin conjugated anti-VEGF-C polyclonal antibody was used as detection antibodies. The standards test samples and biotin conjugated detection antibody were added - the wells subsequently and wash with wash buffer. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex was added and unbound conjugates were washed away with wash buffer. TMB substrates were used - visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP - produce a blue color product that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is proportional - the VEGF-C amount of sample captured in plate. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm in a microplate reader and then the concentration of VEGF-C can be calculated.</p>
Plate:	Pre-coated
Reagent Preparation:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Before the experiment, centrifuge each kit component for several minutes to bring down all reagents to the bottom of tubes.2. It is recommend to measure each standard and sample in duplicate.3. Do NOT let the plate completely dry at any time! Since the dry condition can inactivate the biological material on the plate.4. Do not reuse pipette tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.5. Do not use the expired components and the components from different batches.6. To avoid the marginal effect of plate incubation for temperature differences (the marginal wells always get stronger reaction), it is recommend to equilibrate the ABC working solution and TMB substrate for at least 30 min at room temperature (37°C) before adding to wells. The TMB substrate (Kit Component 8) is colorless and transparent before use, if not, please contact us for replacement.

Application Details

Sample Preparation: Preparation of sample and reagents 1. Sample Isolate the test samples soon after collecting, then, analyze immediately (within 2 hours). Or aliquot and store at -20 °C for long term. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Cell culture supernatants: Centrifuge to remove precipitate, analyze immediately or aliquot and store at -20 °C .

Serum: Coagulate the serum at room temperature (about 4 hours). Centrifuge at approximately 1000 x g for 15 min. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store at -20 °C .

Plasma: Collect plasma with heparin or EDTA as the anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at 1000 x g within 30 min of collection. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20 °C.

Citrate can not be used as anticoagulant here. Note: 1. Coagulate blood samples completely, then, centrifuge, and avoid hemolysis and particle. 2. NaN₃ can not be used as test sample preservative, since it is the inhibitor for HRP.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Preservative: Sodium azide, Thimerosal (Merthiolate)