

Datasheet for ABIN115775

anti-BAFF antibody



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| Quantity: | 0.5 mg |
|--------------|---|
| Target: | BAFF (TNFSF13B) |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Mouse |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal |
| Conjugate: | This BAFF antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA) |
| | |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | Highly pure (98%) E.coli derived Recombinant Human BAFF (CatNo PA180) |
|---------------|---|
| Isotype: | IgG1 |
| Specificity: | This antibody recognizes Human BAFF. Other species not tested. |
| Purification: | Affinity Chromatography Protein G |

Target Details

| Target: | BAFF (TNFSF13B) |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | CD257 / BAFF (TNFSF13B Products) |
| Background: | Members of the TNF superfamily regulate immune responses and induce apoptosis. A novel member in the TNF family was recently identified by several groups and designated BAFF (for B cell Activating Factor belonging to the TNF Family), BLyS (for B Lymphocyte Stimulator), TALL1 (for TNF- and ApoL- related Leukocyte-expressed Ligand), and THANK (for TNF Homologue |

that Activate Apoptosis, NFkB and c-jun N-terminal Kinase). BAFF/BLyS was characterized as a B cell stimulator since it induced B cell proliferation and immunoglobulin secretion. Two receptors for BAFF were recently identified and designated TACI and BCMA. BAFF also signals through a third TNF receptor BAFFR/BR3. BAFF and its receptors are involved in the development of systemic lupus erythaematosus and other B cell associated autoimmune diseases. Like TNFa and TRAIL, THANK was shown to activate NF-kB and c-jun N terminal kinase (JNK) and to induce apoptosis. The human BAFF gene codes for a 285 amino acid type II transmembrane protein containing a 46 amino acid cytoplasmic domain, a 21 amino acid transmembrane domain, and a 218 amino acid extracellular domain. Synonyms: B cell-activating factor, B lymphocyte stimulator, BAFF, BLYS, Dendritic cell-derived TNF-like molecule, TALL1, TNF- and APOL-related leukocyte expressed ligand 1, TNFSF13B, TNFSF20, Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 13B, ZTNF4

Gene ID:

10673

NCBI Accession:

NP_001139117

UniProt:

Q9Y275

Pathways:

NF-kappaB Signaling, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response

Application Details

Application Notes:

ELISA: In a sandwich ELISA (assuming 100 μ L/well), a concentration of 5-6 μ g/mL of thisantibody will detect at least 0.5 ng/well of recombinant Human BAFF when used inconjunction with Biotinylated antigen affinity purified anti-human BAFF(PP1203B1/PP1203B1) as the detection antibody at a concentration of at least 0.25-0.50 μ g/mL. Western Blot: To detect Human BAFF by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.20-0.40 μ g/mL. Used in conjunction with compatible secondaryreagents the detection limit for recombinant Human BAFF is 2.0-4.0 ng/lane, undernon-reducing conditions.

Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Reconstitution: Restore in sterile water to a concentration of 1.0 mg/mL.

Concentration: 1.0 mg/mL

Handling

| Buffer: | PBS without preservatives |
|------------------|---|
| Preservative: | Without preservative |
| Handling Advice: | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
| Storage: | 4 °C/-20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | The lyophilized antibody is stable at RT for up to 1 month. Following reconstitution store at 2-8 °C for one month or at -20 °C for longer. |