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anti-AGGF1 antibody (AA 21-123)

2 Images



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Overview

Quantity:	100 μL			
Target:	AGGF1			
Binding Specificity:	AA 21-123			
Reactivity:	Human			
Host:	Rabbit			
Clonality:	Polyclonal			
Conjugate:	This AGGF1 antibody is un-conjugated			
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)			

Product Details

Immunogen:	AGGF1 (Glu21-Glu123)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against AGGF1. It has been selected for its ability to recognize AGGF1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	AGGF1
Abstract:	AGGF1 Products
Background:	Alternative Names: GPATC7, GPATCH7, VG5Q, Angiogenic factor VG5Q, G patch domain-

containing	nrotein 7	7 \	/ลรดบ	logenesis	gene or	. 5a	nrotein
Containing	protein /	, `	ascu	logeriesis	gene or	. 04	protein

Application Details

Application Notes:

Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500
 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Comment:

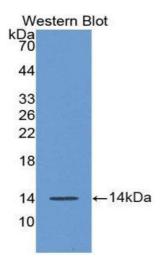
The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

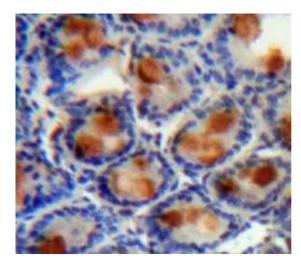
Handling

Format:	Liquid				
Concentration:	Lot specific				
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.				
Preservative:	Sodium azide				
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.				
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.				
Storage:	4 °C				
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 °C for 12 months.				
Expiry Date:	12 months				



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Used in DAB staining on fromalin fixed paraffinembedded Intestine tissue