Datasheet for ABIN1175869

anti-Melatonin Receptor 1A antibody (AA 216-257)

1 Image

Go to Product page

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	Melatonin Receptor 1A (MTNR1A)
Binding Specificity:	AA 216-257
Reactivity:	Cow
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Melatonin Receptor 1A antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Melatonin Receptor 1A (MTNR1A)
Immunogen:	RPC945Bo01Recombinant Melatonin Receptor 1A (MTNR1A)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against MTNR1A. It has been selected for its ability to recognize MTNR1A in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	Melatonin Receptor 1A (MTNR1A)

Target Details

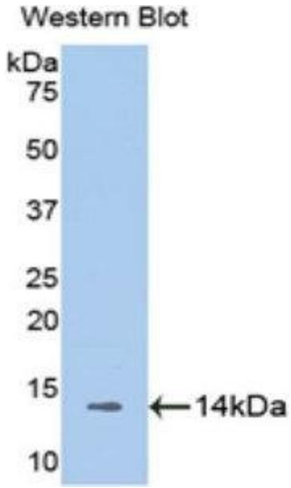
Alternative Name:	MTNR1A (MTNR1A Products)
Background:	MT1, MEL-1A-R

Application Details

Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.5-2 µg/mL,Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL,Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL,Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.39 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months



Western Blotting

Image 1.