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anti-FSHR antibody (AA 18-113)

2 Images



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	FSHR
Binding Specificity:	AA 18-113
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This FSHR antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunoprecipitation (IP)

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Follicle Stimulating Hormone Receptor (FSHR)
Immunogen:	Recombinant Follicle Stimulating Hormone Receptor (FSHR) corresdonding to N-terminal His Tag
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against FSHR. It has been selected for its ability to recognize FSHR in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Storage Comment:

Target:	FSHR
Alternative Name:	Follicle Stimulating Hormone Receptor (FSHR Products)
Background:	FSHRO, LGR1, ODG1, FSH-Receptor, Follitropin receptor
Pathways:	Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling Pathway, Regulation of Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling, Regulation of Hormone Metabolic Process, Platelet-derived growth Factor Receptor Signaling
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.5-2 μg/mL Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions: Handling	For Research Use only
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	
	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of

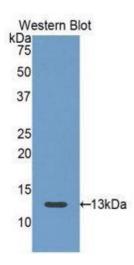
detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without

Expiry Date:

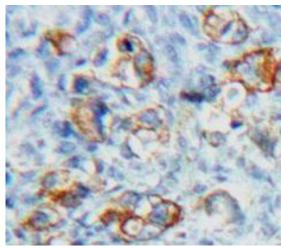
24 months

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Used in DAB staining on fromalin fixed paraffinembedded Ovary tissue