

Datasheet for ABIN1177304

anti-FAS antibody





0				

Quantity:	0.5 mg
Target:	FAS
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Armenian Hamster
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This FAS antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Cytotoxicity Test (CyTox)
Product Details	

Product Details

Target:

FAS

Brand:	BD Pharmingen™	
Immunogen:	WR19L mouse lymphoma cells transformed with recombinant mouse Fas	
Clone:	Jo2	
Isotype:	IgG2 lambda	
Purification:	The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.	
Sterility:	0.2 μm filtered	
Endotoxin Level:	Endotoxin level is \leq 0.01 EU/ μ g (\leq 0.001 ng/ μ g) of protein as determined by the LAL assay.	
Target Details		

Target Details

Alternative Name:	CD95 (FAS Products)
Background:	Fas antigen, CD95, is a 45 kDa cell-surface protein which can mediate apoptosis. It belongs to the TNF (tumor necrosis factor)/NGF receptor family. Expression of Fas has been described in the thymus, liver, heart, lung and ovary. Fas plays an important role in the apoptotic process that takes place during development. Monoclonal antibodies recognizing Fas such as Jo2 have cytolytic activity on cells expressing Fas. The cell death stimulated by Fas antibodies is characteristic of apoptosis and suggests that the lethal effects are a result of interaction of antibody with a functional Fas antigen as opposed to complement-mediated lysis. The Jo2 antibody recognizes mouse Fas. The Jo2 antibody shows cytolytic activity against cell lines expressing mouse Fas by inducing apoptosis. Intraperitoneal injections of Jo2 mAb have been shown to kill mice and induce apoptotic hepatocyte death. Jo2 mAb has been reported to immunoprecipitate mouse Fas as a 45 kDa band from W4 cells. W4 cells are WR19L mouse lymphoma cells transformed with mouse Fas. The difference between the observed MW of Fas and that deduced from its amino acid sequence (Mr 34,971) may be due to glycosylation. Synonyms: Fas/APO-1
Molecular Weight:	45 kDa
Pathways:	p53 Signaling, Apoptosis, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response, Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL
Buffer:	No azide/low endotoxin: Aqueous buffered solution containing no preservative, $0.2\mu m$ sterile filtered.
Preservative:	Azide free
Storage:	4 °C
Storage Comment:	Store undiluted at 4°C. This preparation contains no preservatives, thus it should be handled under aseptic conditions.

Product cited in:

Enari, Hug, Nagata: "Involvement of an ICE-like protease in Fas-mediated apoptosis." in: **Nature**, Vol. 375, Issue 6526, pp. 78-81, (1995) (PubMed).

Nagata: "Apoptosis regulated by a death factor and its receptor: Fas ligand and Fas." in: **Philosophical transactions of the Royal Society of London. Series B, Biological sciences**, Vol. 345, Issue 1313, pp. 281-7, (1995) (PubMed).

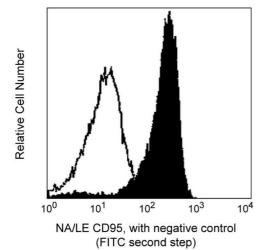
Nagata: "Fas and Fas ligand: a death factor and its receptor." in: **Advances in immunology**, Vol. 57, pp. 129-44, (1995) (PubMed).

Ni, Tomita, Matsuda, Ichihara, Ishimura, Ogasawara, Nagata: "Fas-mediated apoptosis in primary cultured mouse hepatocytes." in: **Experimental cell research**, Vol. 215, Issue 2, pp. 332-7, (1995) (PubMed).

Ogasawara, Suda, Nagata: "Selective apoptosis of CD4+CD8+ thymocytes by the anti-Fas antibody." in: **The Journal of experimental medicine**, Vol. 181, Issue 2, pp. 485-91, (1995) (PubMed).

There are more publications referencing this product on: Product page

Images



Flow Cytometry

Image 1.