

## Datasheet for ABIN126719

# anti-beta Amyloid antibody (C-Term, N-Term)



Alternative Name:



0 -	4.4	Dan decat	
GO	lO	Product	page

Overview		
Quantity:	0.1 mg	
Target:	beta Amyloid (Abeta)	
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-40, C-Term, N-Term	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Mouse	
Clonality:	Monoclonal	
Conjugate:	This beta Amyloid antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA)	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	C-terminal peptide conjugated to KLH	
Clone:	5C3	
Isotype:	lgG1	
Specificity:	This antibody specifically interacts with the C-Terminus of beta-Amyloid (1-40) and does not	
	crossreact with beta-Amyloid (1-42).	
Purification:	Subsequent Thiophilic Adsorption and Size Exclusion Chromatography	
Target Details		
Target:	beta Amyloid (Abeta)	
Altausation Name	Annual and Install (Alasta Danahara)	

Amyloid beta (Abeta Products)

#### **Target Details**

Storage Comment:

The beta-amyloid peptide (beta A4), proteolytically released from the amyloid precursor protein		
(APP), is the principal component of senile plaques in Alzheimer's disease. Cleavage of APP by		
alpha-secretase or alternatively by beta-secretase leads to generation and extracellular release		
of soluble APP peptides, S-APP-alpha and S-APP-beta, respectively, and the retention of		
corresponding membrane-anchored C-terminal fragments, C83 and C99. Subsequent		
processing of C83 by gamma-secretase yields P3 peptides. This is the major secretory pathway		
and is nonamyloidogenic. Alternatively, presenilin/nicastrin-mediated gamma-secretase		
processing of C99 releases the amyloid beta proteins, amyloid-beta 40 (Abeta40) and amyloid-		
beta 42 (Abeta42), major components of amyloid plaques, and the cytotoxic C-terminal		
fragments, gamma-CTF(50), gamma-CTF(57) and gamma-CTF(59).Synonyms: Amyloid beta		
peptide		
Inflammasome		
Western blot: 1 μg/mL for HRPO/ECL detection. Recommended blocking buffer: Casein/Tween		
20 based blocking and blot incubation buffer. ELISA: 0.1 $\mu g/mL$ . Immunocytochemistry: 1 - 10 $\mu$		
g/mL.		
Other applications not tested.		
Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.		
For Research Use only		
Restore with 1 mL H20 (15 min, RT).		
1 mL2 x PBS/0.09 % Sodium Azide/PEG and Sucrose		
Sodium azide		
This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which		
should be handled by trained staff only.		
-20 °C/-80 °C		

aliquots may be stored at 2-8 °C up to 3 months.

Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Store lyophilized (preferably in a desiccator) at -20 °C and reconstituted (aliquote and freeze in liquid nitrogen) at -80 °C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Thaw aliquots at 37 °C. Thawed

Expiry Date:

12 months

## **Images**



# **Western Blotting**

Image 1.