

Datasheet for ABIN1304838

anti-SCN1A antibody (AA 1929-2009)



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	SCN1A
Binding Specificity:	AA 1929-2009
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This SCN1A antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Western Blotting (WB), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Product Details Immunogen:	Fusion protein amino acids 1929-2009 (cytoplasmic C-terminus) of rat Nav1.1 (accession number P04774) produced recombinantly in E. Coli
Immunogen:	number P04774) produced recombinantly in E. Coli
Immunogen: Clone:	number P04774) produced recombinantly in E. Coli K74-71
Immunogen: Clone: Isotype:	number P04774) produced recombinantly in E. Coli K74-71 IgG1

IHC, ICC, IP, WB.

Product Details

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	Manufacturer Comment: We produce our Nav1.1 Na+ channel mouse monoclonal primary
	antibody from hybridoma clone K74/71. It is great in ELISA, IHC, ICC, IP, WB and is purified by
	Protein A chromatography.
Purification:	Produced by in vitro bioreactor culture of hybridoma line followed by Protein A affinity
	chromatography.
Purity:	> 90% specific antibody
Target Details	
Target:	SCN1A
Alternative Name:	Nav1.1 Na+ channel (SCN1A Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Sodium channel protein type 1 subunit alpha (Sodium channel protein brain I
	subunit alpha) (Sodium channel protein type I subunit alpha) (Voltage-gated sodium channel
	subunit alpha Nav1.1)
	Target Description: Nav1.1 Na+ channel (sodium channel, voltage-gated, type I, alpha subunit/
	SCN1A) is a member of voltage-gated sodium ion channel subunit family. It is encoded by gene
	Scn1a in human. The channel switches between open and close conformation in response to
	the voltage difference accross the membrane. Nav1.1 Na+ channel is a sodium selective
	channel that maintains Na+ homeostasis by allowing Na+ ions to pass in accordance of their
	electrochemical gradient. The protein plays an important role in the release of
	neurotransmittors from the neurons. Therefore, Nav1.1 Na+ channel is involved in the
	perception of mechanical pain due to the activation of sematosensory neurons without the
	involvement of inflammation. Mutation of the gene encoding for Nav1.1 Na+ channel is one of
	the main cause of epilepsy and febrile seizures.
	Gene Name Alternatives: Scn1a
Molecular Weight:	220 kDa
UniProt:	P04774
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Dilution Range: IHC: 1:250
	Dilution Range: ICC: 1:250
	Dilution Range: WB: 1:500
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	10 mM Tris, 50 mM Sodium Chloride, 0.065 % Sodium Azide pH 7.4
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Aliquot and store at \leq -20°C for long term storage. For short term storage, store at 2-8°C. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the vial prior to removing the cap.
Expiry Date:	24 months