

Datasheet for ABIN1380021
Tissue factor ELISA Kit



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1 Image

Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	Tissue factor (F3)
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	8-500 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	8 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA

Product Details

Purpose:	<p>The OmniKine[®] Human Tissue Factor ELISA Kit contains the components necessary for quantitative determination of natural or recombinant Human Tissue Factor concentrations within any experimental sample including cell lysates, serum and plasma. This particular immunoassay utilizes the quantitative technique of a "Sandwich" Enzyme- Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) where the target protein (antigen) is bound in a "sandwich" format by the primary capture antibodies coated to each well-bottom and the secondary detection antibodies added subsequently by the investigator. The capture antibodies coated to the bottom of each well are specific for a particular epitope on Human Tissue Factor while the user-added detection antibodies bind to epitopes on the captured target protein. Amid each step of the procedure, a series of wash steps must be performed to ensure the elimination of non-specific binding between proteins to other proteins or to the solid phase. After incubation and "sandwiching" of the target antigen, a peroxidase enzyme is conjugated to the constant heavy chain of the secondary antibody (either covalently or via Avidin/Streptavidin-Biotin interactions), allowing for a colorimetric reaction to ensue upon substrate addition. When the</p>
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Product Details

substrate TMB (3, 3', 5, 5'-Tetramethylbenzidine) is added, the reaction catalyzed by peroxidase yields a blue color that is representative of the antigen concentration. Upon sufficient color development, the reaction can be terminated through addition of Stop Solution (2 N Sulfuric Acid) where the color of the solution will turn yellow. The absorbance of each well can then be read by a spectrophotometer, allowing for generation of a standard curve and subsequent determination of protein concentration.

Brand:	OmniKine™
Sample Type:	Cell Lysate, Serum, Plasma
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	The Human Tissue Factor ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human Tissue Factor proteins.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	The Human TF ELISA is capable of recognizing both recombinant and naturally produced Human TF proteins. The antigens listed below were tested at 50 ng/mL and did not exhibit significant cross-reactivity or interference. Human: Coagulation Factor VII, Coagulation Factor X, Coagulation Factor XI, Coagulation Factor XIV, Coagulation Factor II, Plasminogen Murine: Coagulation Factor III
Characteristics:	The Human Tissue Factor ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human Tissue Factor proteins within the range of 8-500 pg/mL.
Components:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Microstrips Coated w / Capture Antibody: 12 x 8-Well Microstrips• Protein Standard: Lyophilized (100 ng), Red container• Biotinylated Detection Antibody: Lyophilized, Yellow container• 400x Streptavidin-HRP: 30 µL, Blue container• Wash Buffer (10x): 50 mL, Clear container• Assay Diluent: 50 mL, Clear container• Ready-to-Use Substrate: 12 mL, Brown container• Stop Solution: 12 mL, Clear container• Adhesive Plate Sealers: 4 Sheets• Technical Manual 1 Manual
Material not included:	<p>The following materials and/or equipment are NOT provided in this kit but are necessary to successfully conduct the experiment:</p> <p>Microplate reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm (with correction wavelength set to 540 nm or 570 nm)</p>

Product Details

Micropipettes with capability of measuring volumes ranging from 1 µl to 1 mL

Deionized or sterile water

Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, multichannel pipette reservoir or automated microplate washer

Graph paper or computer software capable of generating or displaying logarithmic functions

Absorbent paper or vacuum aspirator

Test tubes or microfuge tubes capable of storing ≥1 mL

Bench

top centrifuge (optional)

Bench

top vortex (optional)

Orbital shaker (optional)

Target Details

Target:	Tissue factor (F3)
Alternative Name:	Tissue Factor (F3 Products)
Background:	Tissue Factor, also known as Coagulation Factor III, is a 295 amino acid secreted and membrane protein. It is a single-pass type I membrane protein. Tissue factor initiates blood coagulation by forming a complex with circulating factor VII or VIIa. The complex activates factors IX or X by specific limited proteolysis. Tissue factor plays a role in normal hemostasis by initiating the cell-surface assembly and propagation of the coagulation protease cascade. It interacts with HSPE, the interaction, inhibited by heparin, promotes the generation of activated factor X and activates coagulation in the presence of activated factor VII. Tissue factor expression is highly dependent upon cell type. It can also be induced by the inflammatory mediators, interleukin 1 and TNF-alpha, as well as by endotoxin, to appear on monocytes and vascular endothelial cells as a component of cellular immune response. Source: Entrez Gene, Swiss-Prot
Pathways:	Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity , Smooth Muscle Cell Migration , Platelet-derived growth Factor Receptor Signaling

Application Details

Plate:	Pre-coated
Protocol:	This particular immunoassay utilizes the quantitative technique of a Sandwich Enzyme-Linked

Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) where the target protein (antigen) is bound in a sandwich format by the primary capture antibodies coated to each well-bottom and the secondary detection antibodies added subsequently by the investigator. The capture antibodies coated to the bottom of each well are specific for a particular epitope on the Human TF cytokine while the user-added detection antibodies bind to epitopes on the captured target protein. Amid each step of the procedure, a series of wash steps must be performed to ensure the elimination of non-specific binding between proteins to other proteins or to the solid phase. After incubation and sandwiching of the target antigen, a peroxidase enzyme is conjugated to the constant heavy chain of the secondary antibody (either covalently or via Avidin/Streptavidin-Biotin interactions), allowing for a colorimetric reaction to ensue upon substrate addition. When the substrate TMB (3, 3', 5, 5'- Tetramethylbenzidine) is added, the reaction catalyzed by peroxidase yields a blue color that is representative of the antigen concentration. Upon sufficient color development, the reaction can be terminated through addition of Stop Solution (2 N Sulfuric Acid) where the color of the solution will turn yellow. The absorbance of each well can then be read by a spectrophotometer, allowing for generation of a standard curve and subsequent determination of protein concentration.

Sample Preparation:

If samples are to be used within 24 hours, aliquot and store at 4 °C. If samples are to be used over a long period of time, aliquot and store between -20 °C and -80 °C, depending on the duration of storage.

Note: Samples containing a visible precipitate or pellet must be clarified prior to use in the assay.

Caution: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles to prevent loss of biological activity of proteins in experimental samples.

- Cell Lysate and Supernatants:

Remove large cell components via centrifugation and perform the assay. Cell lysates and supernatants require a dilution using Assay Diluent. A serial dilution may be performed to determine a suitable dilution factor for the sample. For future use of the sample, follow the sample storage guidelines stated above.

- Serum:

Allow samples to clot in a serum separator tube (SST) for 30 minutes. After sufficient clotting, centrifuge at 1000 x g for 15 minutes and remove serum from SST in preparation for the assay. Serum samples require at least a 1:50 dilution using Assay Diluent. For future use of the sample, follow the storage guidelines above.

- Plasma:

Use heparin, citrate or EDTA as an anticoagulant to gather plasma from original biological sample. After collection of the plasma, centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. This step must be performed within 30 minutes of plasma collection. Plasma samples require at least a 1:50 dilution using Assay Diluent. Afterwards, perform the assay or for future use of the sample,

Application Details

follow the storage guidelines stated above.

Assay Procedure:	<p>Note: If possible, all incubation steps should be performed on an orbital shaker to equilibrate solutions when added to the microplate wells. Also, all provided solutions should be at ambient temperature prior to use.</p> <p>Note: Avoid adding solutions into wells at an angle, always keep pipette tip perpendicular to plate bottom.</p> <p>Reconstitution of Provided Materials:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Reconstitute the Biotin-Conjugated Detection Antibody in 67 µL of ddH₂O for a concentration of 180 µg/ml.2. Reconstitute the Protein Standard in 100 µL of ddH₂O for a concentration of 340 ng/ml.3. Dilute the 50 mL of 10x Wash Buffer in 450 mL of ddH₂O for 500 mL of 1x Wash Buffer. <p>Addition of Known Standard and Unknown Sample to Immunoassay:</p> <p>The OmniKine™ Human CD163 ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human CD163 proteins</p>
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Calculation of Results:	<p>Generation of Standard Curve and Interpretation of Data</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Average the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard, control and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density.2. Generate a standard curve by using Microsoft Excel or other computer software capable of establishing a 4- Parameter Logistic (4-PL) curve fit. If using Excel or an alternative graphing tool, plot the average optical density values in absorbance units (y-axis) against the known standard concentrations in pg/ml (x-axis). Note: Only use the values in which a noticeable gradient can be established. Afterwards, generate a best fit curve or trend-line through the plotted points via regression analysis.
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Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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Handling

Precaution of Use:	<p>Reagents provided in this kit may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Please carefully review the MSDS for each reagent before conducting the experiment.</p> <p>Stop Solution contains 2 N Sulfuric Acid (H₂SO₄) and is an extremely corrosive agent. Please wear proper eye, hand and face protection when handling this material. When the experiment is finished, be sure to rinse the plate with copious amounts of running water to dilute the Stop Solution prior to disposing the plate.</p>
Handling Advice:	This ELISA kit is intended for research purposes only, NOT diagnostic or clinical procedures of

any kind.

Materials included in this kit should NOT be used past the expiration date on the kit label.

Reagents or substrates included in this kit should NOT be mixed or substituted with reagents or substrates from any other kits.

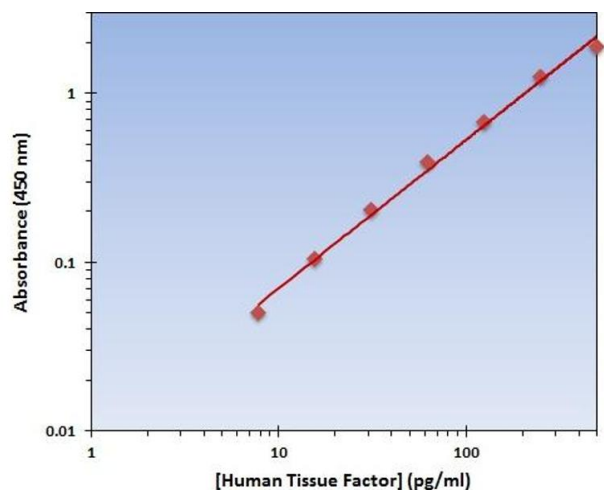
Variations in pipetting technique, washing technique, operator laboratory technique, kit age, incubation time or temperature may cause differences in binding affinity of the materials provided.

The assay is designed to eliminate interference and background by other cellular macromolecules or factors present within any biological samples. However, the possibility of background noise cannot be fully excluded until all factors have been tested using the assay kit.

Reagents provided in this kit may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Please carefully review the MSDS for each reagent before conducting the experiment.

Stop Solution contains 2 N Sulfuric Acid (H₂SO₄) and is an extremely corrosive agent. Please wear proper eye, hand and face protection when handling this material. When the experiment is finished, be sure to rinse the plate with copious amounts of running water to dilute the Stop Solution prior to disposing the plate.

Storage:	4 °C
Storage Comment:	<p>Note: If used frequently, reagents may be stored at 4 °C.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unopened Kits: Store at 4 °C for 6 months.• Microstrips Coated w/ Capture Antibody, 400x Streptavidin-HRP Wash Buffer (10x), Assay Diluent Ready-to-Use Substrate, Stop Solution: 6 Months at 4 °C• Protein Standard, Biotinylated Detection Antibody: Lyophilized: 6 Months (if Reconstituted: 1 Month) at 4 °C



ELISA

Image 1. This is an example of what a typical standard curve will look like. You must make your own standard curve. Do not use this example as your own standard curve.