antibodies -online.com







anti-PTPN5 antibody (AA 201-300)



Image



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	PTPN5	
Binding Specificity:	AA 201-300	
Reactivity:	Human, Rat	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This PTPN5 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))	

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PTPN5	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Rat	
Predicted Reactivity:	Mouse,Rabbit	
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.	

Target Details

Target: PTPN5	Target:	PTPN5			
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Target Details

Alternative Name:

PTPN5/STEP (PTPN5 Products)

Background:

Synonyms: Neural specic protein tyrosine phosphatase, Neural-specic protein-tyrosine phosphatase, Protein tyrosine phosphatase non receptor type 5 striatum enriched, Protein tyrosine phosphatase non receptor type 5, Protein tyrosine phosphatase striatum enriched, PTN5, PTN5_HUMAN, PTP STEP, PTPN 5, Ptpn5, PTPSTEP, STEP, Striatum-enriched protein-tyrosine phosphatase, Tyrosine protein phosphatase non receptor type 5, Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 5, FLJ14427.

Background: The brain-specific STEP (striatal enriched phosphatase) family of protein tyrosine phosphatases (PTPs) comprises both transmembrane and cytosolic protein members which are the products of alternative splicing. STEP family members are expressed in the dopaminoceptive neurons of the CNS, with highest expression in the basal ganglia and related structures. The STEP protein regulates the N-methyl-d-aspartate receptor (NMDAR) complex, STEP depresses both NMDAR single-channel activity and synaptic currents. The membrane-associated STEP61 isoform localizes in the postsynaptic densities (PSDs) of striatal neurons. STEP61 contains a single tyrosine phosphatase domain, two proline-rich domains and two transmembrane domains. The STEP61 protein associates with the Src family kinase member Fyn when Fyn is phosphorylated at Tyr-420 and not Tyr-431. Upon association, STEP61 dephosphorylates Tyr-420 residue and may thus regulate Fyn activity in PSDs. Isolated from mouse brain, the STEP20 isoform lacks the conserved tyrosine phosphatase domain. The human STEP gene maps to chromosome 11p15.2-p15.1.

Application Details

Application Notes:

WB 1:300-5000

ELISA 1:500-1000

IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

ICC 1:100-500

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

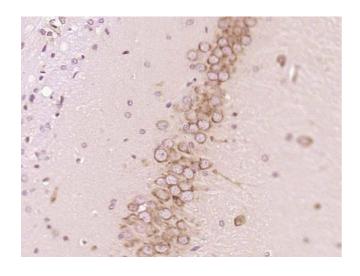
Format:

Liquid

Handling

Concentration:	1 μg/μL	
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.	
Preservative:	ProClin	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	

Images



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 1. Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded rat brain; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 30 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 20min; Antibody incubation with PTPN5/STEP Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-11328R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary and DAB staining.