

Datasheet for ABIN1385908
anti-SLC25A12 antibody (AA 101-200)[Go to Product page](#)

1 Image

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	SLC25A12 (Slc25a12)
Binding Specificity:	AA 101-200
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This SLC25A12 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin- embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLC25A12/ARALAR
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Rat,Dog,Cow,Horse
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	SLC25A12 (Slc25a12)
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Target Details

Alternative Name:	SLC25A12/ARALAR (Slc25a12 Products)
Background:	<p>Synonyms: AGC1, Araceli hiperlarga, ARALAR, ARALAR1, Calcium binding mitochondrial carrier superfamily member, Calcium-binding mitochondrial carrier protein Aralar1, CMC1_HUMAN, Mitochondrial aspartate glutamate carrier 1, SLC25A12, Solute carrier family 25 member 12, solute carrier family 25, member 12.</p> <p>Background: Calcium signaling in mitochondria is important in order for it to function in response to a variety of extracellular stimuli. Signaling begins with Ca(2+) entry in mitochondria via the Ca(2+) uniporter followed by Ca(2+) activation of three dehydrogenases in the mitochondrial matrix. ARALAR, the neuronal Ca(2+)-binding mitochondrial aspartate-glutamate carrier, has Ca(2+) binding domains facing the extramitochondrial space and functions in the malate-aspartate NADH shuttle (MAS). ARALAR is encoded by the SLC25A12 gene and is expressed in brain and skeletal muscle. ARALAR is required for the synthesis of brain aspartate and N-acetylaspartatemay and plays a role in myelin formation. It is also essential for the transmission of small Ca(2+) signals to mitochondria via an increase in mitochondrial NADH. In addition, ARALAR is implicated in conferring susceptibility to schizophrenia.</p>
Pathways:	Ribonucleoside Biosynthetic Process , Dicarboxylic Acid Transport

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000 ELISA 1:500-1000 IHC-P 1:200-400 IHC-F 1:100-500 IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200 ICC 1:100-500
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

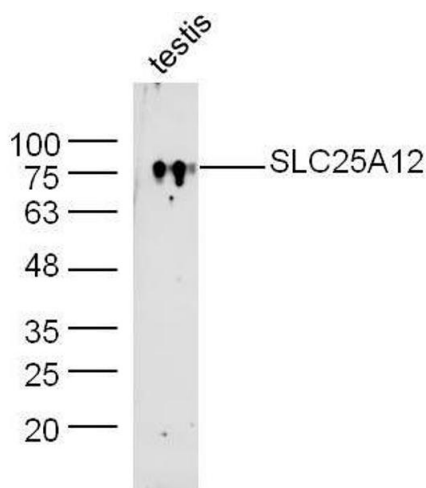
Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin

Handling

Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Mouse testis lysate probed with Rabbit Anti-SLC25A12/ARALAR Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:300 overnight at 4°C. Followed by a conjugated secondary antibody for 90 min at 37°C.