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Datasheet for ABIN1386199

anti-TBR1 antibody (AA 35-130)



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	TBR1
Binding Specificity:	AA 35-130
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This TBR1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffinembedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TBR1
Isotype:	IgG
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Horse,Chicken
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	TBR1
Alternative Name:	TBR1 (TBR1 Products)

Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: A novel murine and human gene, TBR-1, encodes a putative transcription factor related to the Brachyrury T gene that is expressed only in postmitotic cells. T-brain-1 TBR-1 mRNA is largely restricted to the cerebral cortex, where, during embryogenesis, it defines deferent regions that give rise to the palecortex, limbic cortex and neocortex 1-3. TBR-1, Pax-6 and Emx-1 are expressed in the mouse and chicken pallium. The pallio-subpallial boundary lies at the interface between the TBR-1 and Dlx-2 expression domains.

Background: A novel murine and human gene, TBR-1, encodes a putative transcription factor related to the Brachyrury (T) gene that is expressed only in postmitotic cells. T-brain-1 (TBR-1) mRNA is largely restricted to the cerebral cortex, where, during embryogenesis, it defines different regions that give rise to the palecortex, limbic cortex and neocortex (1-3). TBR-1, Pax-6 and Emx-1 are expressed in the mouse and chicken pallium. The pallio-subpallial boundary lies at the interface between the TBR-1 and Dlx-2 expression domains. Chicken genes homolgous to these mouse genes are expressed in topologically comparable patterns during development, suggesting that mouse and chicken may have similar histogenetic specification processes and field homologies (4). CASK/LIN-2, a membrane-associated guanylate kinase, is required for EGFR localization and signaling. In adult rat brain, CASK is concentrated at neuronal synapses and binds to the cell-surface proteins. CASK can interact with TBR-1, which is involved in forebrain development. CASK enters into the nucleus and binds to a specific DNA sequence (the T-element) in a complex with TBR-1. Thus, CASK acts as a coactivator of TBR-1 to induce transcription of T-element containing genes, including reelin (5).

Gene ID:

10716

UniProt:

016650

Application Details

Application Notes:

WB 1:300-5000

ELISA 1:500-1000

IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

ICC 1:100-500

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months