antibodies -online.com





Datasheet for ABIN1386322

anti-Myosin VI antibody (AA 1101-1294)



()	11/0	K\ /	iew	1
	\cup	'I V/I	$\square \vee \vee$	ı

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	Myosin VI (MYO6)
Binding Specificity:	AA 1101-1294
Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Myosin VI antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffinembedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Myosin VI
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Horse,Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target: Myosin VI (MYO6)

Target Details

Alternative Name:	MYO6/Myosin VI (MYO6 Products)	
Background:	Synonyms: Deafness autosomal recessive 37, DFNA 22, DFNA22, DFNB 37, DFNB37, KIAA0389	
	MYO 6, Myo6, MYO6_HUMAN, Myosin 6, Myosin VI, Myosin-VI, Myosin6, MyosinVI,	
	Unconventional myosin-6.	
	Background: Myosin VI a molecular motor involved in intracellular vesicle and organelle	
	transport, is the only Myosin motor that binds to the pointed end of Actin. This unique Myosin	
	has only one light chain in the lever-arm domain and has highly irregular stepping with a wide	
	range of step sizes, unlike that of other characterized Myosins. It associates with Clathrin-	
	coated vesicles and disabled 2, indicating a role for Myosin VI in endocytosis. Mouse Myosin VI	
	is expressed within the sensory hair cells of the cochlea. Human Myosin VI is mapped to the	
	centromeric region of chromosome 6, a region that shows syntenic homology with the	
	corresponding mouse chromosome 9 region, where the Snell?s Waltzer mutation is located.	
	The behavioral effects of the mouse Snell?s Waltzer mutation are lack of responsiveness to	
	sound, hyperactivity, head tossing and circling, due to the disorganization and fusing of	
	stereocilia bundles within the inner ear. Defects of Myosin VI cause autosomal dominant	
	nonsyndromic sensori-neural deafness in humans. Human Myosin VI is expressed in fetal	
	cochlea and brain, as well as in adult brain.	
Pathways:	Sensory Perception of Sound, Dicarboxylic Acid Transport, Asymmetric Protein Localization	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	ELISA 1:500-1000	
	IHC-P 1:200-400	
	IHC-F 1:100-500	
	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200	
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200	
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200	
	ICC 1:100-500	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 μg/μL	
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.	

Handling

Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months