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# anti-SIM2 antibody (AA 321-430)



#### Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	SIM2
Binding Specificity:	AA 321-430
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This SIM2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffinembedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

#### **Product Details**

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SIM2
Isotype:	IgG
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Horse
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	

## **Target Details**

Target:	SIM2
Alternative Name:	SIM2 (SIM2 Products)

#### **Target Details**

#### Background:

Synonyms: bHLHe15, Class E basic helix loop helix protein 15, Class E basic helix-loop-helix protein 15, MGC119447, SIM 2, SIM, Sim2, SIM2\_HUMAN, Single minded homolog 2 Drosophila, Single minded homolog 2, Single-minded homolog 2, Transcription factor SIM2.

Background: The Per-Arnt-Sim (PAS) domain was identified as a 270 amino acid motif that mediates associations between various PAS family transcription factors. Several PAS domain family members have been identified including AhR, Arnt 1, and single-minded proteins (SIM1 and SIM2). The aromatic (aryl) hydrocarbon receptor, AhR, is a ligand dependent transcription factor that interacts with specific DNA sequences termed xenobiotic responsive elements (XREs) to activate several genes including CYP1A1, glutathione S-transferase Ya subunit and DT-diaphorase. The Ah receptor nuclear translocator protein 1 (Arnt 1) is required for ligand-dependent nuclear translocation of the Ah receptor and is also necessary for Ah receptor binding to the XRE element. Both SIM1 and SIM2 inhibit AhR/Arnt dimerization, thus inhibiting transcriptional activation. The SIM genes are thought to be involved in the directing and regionalization of tissues during development and the SIM2 gene, which is located on chromosome 21, is a candidate for the gene responsible for Down syndrome.

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes:	ELISA 1:500-1000
	IHC-P 1:200-400
	IHC-F 1:100-500
	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200
	ICC 1:100-500
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.

# Handling

Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months