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Datasheet for ABIN1386822 **anti-RIT1 antibody (AA 141-219)**

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	RIT1
Binding Specificity:	AA 141-219
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This RIT1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin- embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human RIT1
Isotype:	IgG
Predicted Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Cow, Sheep, Pig, Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	RIT1
Alternative Name:	RIT1 (RIT1 Products)

Target Details

Background:	<p>Synonyms: GTP binding protein Roc1, GTP-binding protein Rit1, Ras like protein expressed in many tissues, Ras like without CAAX 1, Ras-like protein expressed in many tissues, Ras-like without CAAX protein 1, RIBB, Ric like expressed in many tissues, RIT, RIT1, RIT1_HUMAN, ROC1.</p> <p>Background: Plays a crucial role in coupling NGF stimulation to the activation of both EPHB2 and MAPK14 signaling pathways and in NGF-dependent neuronal differentiation. Neuronal activity dramatically increases the concentration of cytosolic Ca²⁺, which then serves as a second messenger to direct diverse cellular responses. Calmodulin is a primary mediator of Ca²⁺ signals in the nervous system. Ric, a protein related to the Ras subfamily of small GTPases, has the ability to bind calmodulin. In addition, two Ras-like human proteins, Rin and Rit (Ric-related gene expressed in many tissues), which are 71 % and 66 % identical to RIC respectively, share related G2 domains with Ric. While most members of the Ras subfamily are plasma membrane-associated and generally require a C-terminal isoprenyl group to bind to the plasma membrane, Rit and Rin lack the recognition signal for C-terminal prenylation. Transiently expressed Rit and Rin are plasma membrane-localized because both proteins contain a C-terminal cluster of basic amino acids, which provides a mechanism for membrane association. Rin binds calmodulin through a C-terminal binding motif. Rit and Ric are widely expressed, whereas expression of Rin is restricted to the neuron system. In conclusion, Rit and Rin define a novel subfamily of Ras-related proteins</p>
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Gene ID:	6016
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Pathways:	Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway
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Application Details

Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000 ELISA 1:500-1000 IHC-P 1:200-400 IHC-F 1:100-500 IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200
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Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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Handling

Format:	Liquid
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Handling

Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months