

[Go to Product page](#)

Datasheet for ABIN1390658

**anti-APBA1 antibody (AA 451-550) (FITC)**

## Overview

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Quantity:            | 100 µL   |
| Target:              | APBA1  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 451-550   |
| Reactivity:          | Human, Mouse   |
| Host:                | Rabbit   |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal   |
| Conjugate:           | This APBA1 antibody is conjugated to FITC  |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

## Product Details

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human APBA1 |
| Isotype:              | IgG   |
| Cross-Reactivity:     | Human, Mouse  |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Chicken                             |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.                                    |

## Target Details

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Target:           | APBA1                                    |
| Alternative Name: | APBA1 ( <a href="#">APBA1 Products</a> ) |

## Target Details

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| Background: | <p>Synonyms: Adapter protein X11 alpha; Adapter protein X11alpha; Amyloid beta A4 precursor protein-binding family A member 1; Apba1; APBA1_HUMAN; Mint 1; Mint-1; Neuron specic X11 protein; Neuron-specific X11 protein; Neuronal Munc18 1 interacting protein 1; Neuronal Munc18-1-interacting protein 1; UROP11; x11; X11alpha.</p> <p>Background: The Beta-Amyloid precursor protein (Beta-APP) is a major constituent of the amyloid deposits in patients with Alzheimer?s disease. The Beta-Amyloid precursor is known to interact with several proteins, including X11 and the G heterotrimetric protein APP-BP1. The neuronal, transmembrane protein X11 is known to bind to the -Amyloid precursor protein via a phosphotyrosine binding (PTB) domain, reducing the secretion of cellular Beta-APP and slowing Beta-APP processing pathways. X11 binds specifically to the YENPTY motif, which is involved in the internalization of Beta-APP. Multiple splice varitents of X11 have been identified, including X11  (also designated Mint 1), X11Beta (Mint 2) and X11(Mint 3).</p> |
|-------------|--|

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Pathways: | <a href="#">Synaptic Vesicle Exocytosis</a> , <a href="#">Dicarboxylic Acid Transport</a> |
|-----------|---|

## Application Details

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Application Notes: | IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200<br>IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200<br>IF(ICC) 1:50-200 |
|--------------------|--|

|               |                       |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
|---------------|-----------------------|

## Handling

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Format:            | Liquid   |
| Concentration:     | 1 µg/µL  |
| Buffer:            | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS ( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.        |
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | -20 °C   |
| Storage Comment:   | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                                  |
| Expiry Date:       | 12 months  |