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Datasheet for ABIN1398505

## anti-PANK2 antibody (AA 401-500) (Biotin)

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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	PANK2	
Binding Specificity:	AA 401-500	
Reactivity:	Mouse	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This PANK2 antibody is conjugated to Biotin	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))	

#### **Product Details**

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PANK2
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Rat,Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

#### Target Details

Target:	PANK2
Alternative Name:	PANK2 (PANK2 Products)

#### Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: Pantothenate kinase 2, mitochondrial, hPanK2, Pantothenic acid kinase 2, PANK2, C20orf48, PANK2\_HUMAN

Background: Defects in PANK2 are the cause of neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation type 1 (NBIA1), also known as pantothenate kinase-associated neurodegeneration (PKAN) or Hallervorden-Spatz syndrome (HSS). It is an autosomal recessive neurodegenerative disorder associated with iron accumulation in the brain, primarily in the basal ganglia. Clinical manifestations include progressive muscle spasticity, hyperreflexia, muscle rigidity, dystonia, dysarthria, and intellectual deterioration which progresses to severe dementia over several years. It is clinically classified into classic, atypical, and intermediate phenotypes. Classic forms present with onset in the first decade, rapid progression, loss of independent ambulation within 15 years. Atypical forms have onset in the second decade, slow progression, maintenance of independent ambulation up to 40 years later. Intermediate forms manifest onset in the first decade with slow progression or onset in the second decade with rapid progression. Patients with early onset tend to also develop pigmentary retinopathy, whereas those with later onset tend to also have speech disorders and psychiatric features. All patients have the 'eye of the tiger' sign on brain MRI.Defects in PANK2 are the cause of hypoprebetalipoproteinemia, acanthocytosis, retinitis pigmentosa, and pallidal degeneration

(HARP). HARP is a rare syndrome with many clinical similarities to NBIA1.

Gene ID:

80025

UniProt:

Q9BZ23

Pathways:

Ribonucleoside Biosynthetic Process

#### **Application Details**

**Application Notes:** 

WB 1:300-5000

IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

#### Handling

Format:

Liquid

Concentration:

1 μg/μL

Buffer:

Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS ( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and

50 % Glycerol.

### Handling

Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for 12 months.
Expiry Date:	12 months