antibodies -online.com

Datasheet for ABIN1416733





anti-BTBD17 antibody (AA 101-200) (Cy5.5)

Go to Product page

Overview

Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	BTBD17	
Binding Specificity:	AA 101-200	
Reactivity:	Mouse, Human, Rat	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This BTBD17 antibody is conjugated to Cy5.5	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))	

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human BTBD17	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Predicted Reactivity:	Dog,Sheep	
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.	

Target Details

Target:	BTBD17
Alternative Name:	BTBD17 (BTBD17 Products)

Target Details

binding protein-like. Background: The BTB (broad-complex, Tramtrack and Bric a brac) domain, also known a POZ (Poxvirus and zinc finger) domain, is an N-terminal homodimerization domain that contains multiple copies of kelch repeats and/or C2H2-type zinc fingers. Proteins that co BTB domains are thought to be involved in transcriptional regulation via control of chrom structure and function. BTBD17 (BTB/POZ domain-containing protein 17), also known as BTBD17A, galectin-3-binding protein-like or LGALS3BPL, is a 478 amino acid protein that contains one BTB (POZ) domain and a BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain. The gene encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the I genome and encodes over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated	ontain natin s numan d with	
POZ (Poxvirus and zinc finger) domain, is an N-terminal homodimerization domain that contains multiple copies of kelch repeats and/or C2H2-type zinc fingers. Proteins that contains are thought to be involved in transcriptional regulation via control of chromatructure and function. BTBD17 (BTB/POZ domain-containing protein 17), also known as BTBD17A, galectin-3-binding protein-like or LGALS3BPL, is a 478 amino acid protein that contains one BTB (POZ) domain and a BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain. The gene encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the human chromosome 17.	ontain natin s numan d with	
contains multiple copies of kelch repeats and/or C2H2-type zinc fingers. Proteins that combine are thought to be involved in transcriptional regulation via control of chromatructure and function. BTBD17 (BTB/POZ domain-containing protein 17), also known as BTBD17A, galectin-3-binding protein-like or LGALS3BPL, is a 478 amino acid protein that contains one BTB (POZ) domain and a BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain. The gene encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the human chromosome 17.	natin s numan d with	
BTB domains are thought to be involved in transcriptional regulation via control of chrom structure and function. BTBD17 (BTB/POZ domain-containing protein 17), also known as BTBD17A, galectin-3-binding protein-like or LGALS3BPL, is a 478 amino acid protein that contains one BTB (POZ) domain and a BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain. The gene encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the human chromosome 17.	natin s numan d with	
structure and function. BTBD17 (BTB/POZ domain-containing protein 17), also known as BTBD17A, galectin-3-binding protein-like or LGALS3BPL, is a 478 amino acid protein that contains one BTB (POZ) domain and a BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain. The gene encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the human chromosome 17.	numan d with	
BTBD17A, galectin-3-binding protein-like or LGALS3BPL, is a 478 amino acid protein that contains one BTB (POZ) domain and a BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain. The gene encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the h	numan d with	
contains one BTB (POZ) domain and a BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain. The gene encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the h	numan d with	
encoding BTBD17 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5 % of the h	d with	
	d with	
genome and encodes over 1.200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associate		
general and another state of the first suppressed general descending	ciated	
chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is asso		
with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome.		
Gene ID: 388419		
UniProt: A6NE02		
Application Details		
Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200		
IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200		
IF(ICC) 1:50-200		
Restrictions: For Research Use only		
Handling		
Format: Liquid		
Concentration: 1 μg/μL		
Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin3	00 and	
50 % Glycerol.		
Preservative: ProClin		
Precaution of Use: This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which sho	ould be	
handled by trained staff only.		
Storage: -20 °C		
Storage Comment: Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	

\vdash	land	lına
	iaria	шц

Expiry Date:

12 months