

Datasheet for ABIN1440014
anti-CD63 antibody (AA 120-175)



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3 Validations **15** Images **10** Publications

Overview

Quantity:	600 µg
Target:	CD63
Binding Specificity:	AA 120-175
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey, Dog
Host:	Goat
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This CD63 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Flow Cytometry (FACS), Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Purified recombinant peptide derived from within residues 120 aa to 175 aa of human CD63 produced in E. coli.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	Reacts with CD63, a 40-60 kDa glycoprotein, detected by Western blot in the following human (HeLa, HUH, Jurkat), mouse (AtT-20, Hepa, 3T3, RAW264.7), canine (MDCK) and monkey (COS-7) whole cell lysates.
Characteristics:	Lysosome-associated membrane glycoprotein 3
Purification:	epitope affinity purified

Target Details

Target:	CD63
Alternative Name:	CD63 (CD63 Products)
Background:	<p>CD63 is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the tetraspanin family. Most of the members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. These proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. This protein is a cell surface glycoprotein that is known to complex with integrins. It may function as a blood platelet activation marker.</p> <p>Synonyms: CD63 antigen, CD63 antigen (melanoma 1 antigen), granulophysin, LAMP-3, lysosomal-associated membrane protein 3, lysosome-associated membrane glycoprotein 3, ME491, melanoma-associated antigen, melanoma 1 antigen, melanoma-associated antigen ME491, MLA1, ocular melanoma-associated antigen, OMA81H, tetraspanin-30, TSPAN30 antibody.</p> <p>Ensembl identifier: ENSG00000135404</p>

Application Details

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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Handling

Concentration:	3 mg/mL
Buffer:	Polyclonal antibody supplied as a 200 µL (3 mg/mL) aliquot in PBS, 20 % glycerol and 0.05 % sodium azide
Handling Advice:	The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	For continuous use, store at 2-8 deg,C for one-two days. For extended storage, store in -20 deg,C freezer. Working dilution samples should be discarded if not used within 12 hours.

Publications

Product cited in:	Rather, Mishra, Su, Kumar, Singh, Misra, Lee, Furdui, Hamilton, Gould, Nader, Nader, Deep: "Mass Spectrometry-Based Proteome Profiling of Extracellular Vesicles Derived from the Cerebrospinal Fluid of Adult Rhesus Monkeys Exposed to Cocaine throughout Gestation." in: , Vol. 12, Issue 4, (2022) (PubMed).
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Song, Jiang, Li, Loo, Jiang, Yang, Feng, Liu, He, Wang, Li, Zhang, Du, Wang, Li, Liu: "Free fatty acids promote degranulation of azurophilic granules in neutrophils by inducing production of NADPH oxidase-derived reactive oxygen species in cows with subclinical ketosis." in: **Journal of dairy science**, Vol. 105, Issue 3, pp. 2473-2486, (2022) ([PubMed](#)).

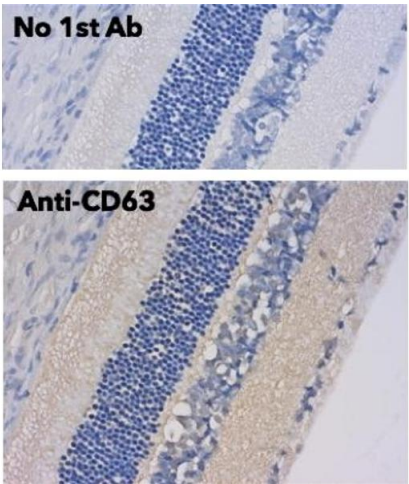
Piao, Na, Seo, Hong, Sohn, Kwon, Lee, Kim: "Effects of general anaesthesia with an inhalational anaesthetic agent on the expression of exosomes in rats." in: **International journal of medical sciences**, Vol. 19, Issue 9, pp. 1399-1407, (2022) ([PubMed](#)).

Kulka, Brennan, Mc Gee: "Investigation of canine extracellular vesicles in diffuse large B-cell lymphomas." in: **PloS one**, Vol. 17, Issue 9, pp. e0274261, (2022) ([PubMed](#)).

Hirai, Ousaka, Fukushima, Kondo, Eitoku, Shigemitsu, Hara, Baba, Iwasaki, Kasahara, Ohtsuki, Oh: "Cardiosphere-derived exosomal microRNAs for myocardial repair in pediatric dilated cardiomyopathy." in: **Science translational medicine**, Vol. 12, Issue 573, (2021) ([PubMed](#)).

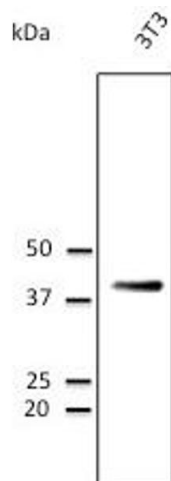
There are more publications referencing this product on: [Product page](#)

Images



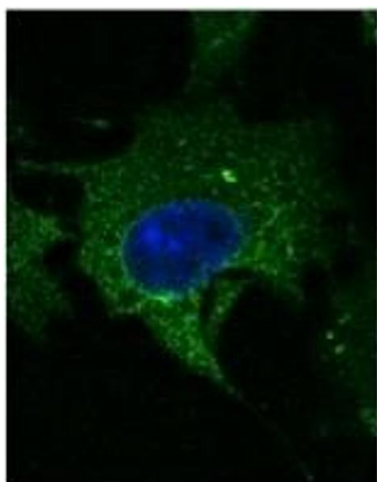
Immunohistochemistry

Image 1.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Anti-CD63 Ab at 1/1,000 dilution; lysate at 50 µg per lane; Rabbit polyclonal to goat IgG (HRP) at 1/10,000 dilution



Immunofluorescence

Image 3. Immunofluorescence — anti-CD63 Ab in Hepa1-6 cells at 1/50 dilution; cells were fixed with 4% of PFA;

Please check the [product details page](#) for more images. Overall 15 images are available for ABIN1440014.



Successfully validated (Western Blotting (WB))

by [Center for Diabetes and Metabolic Diseases, Indiana University](#)

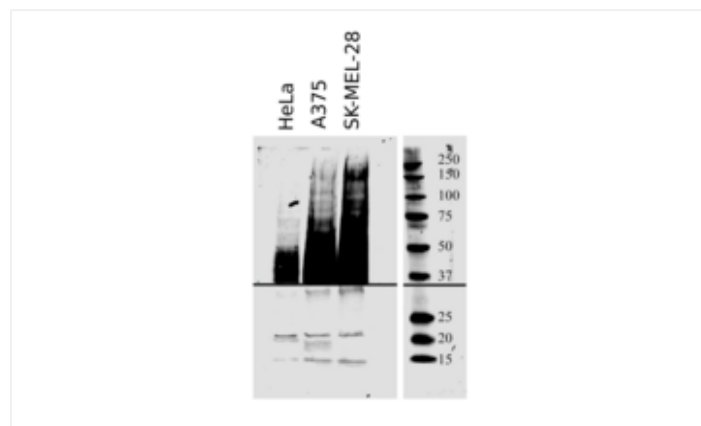
Report Number: 100043

Date: Aug 30 2016

Target:	CD63 antibody (CD63 Molecule) (AA 120-175)
Lot Number:	47220715
Method validated:	Western Blotting (WB)
Positive Control:	A375 and SKMEL 28 melanoma cell line lysates
Notes:	The CD63 antibody ABIN1440014 works successfully in Western blot on human A375 and SKMEL 28 cell lysates.
Primary Antibody:	ABIN1440014
Secondary Antibody:	Donkey anti-Goat IgG (H+L) IRDye680RD (LiCor, antibodies-online product number ABIN2169630 , lot number: C50330-03)
Protocol:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cultured HeLa cells and human melanoma cell lines SK-MEL-28 and A375 were rinsed with PBS and lysed in 6M Urea/20mM Tris. • 20µg protein from each samples were used for Western blot analysis. • Samples were denatured in Bio-Rad Laemmli sample buffer (product 1610737, lot t350001755) containing beta-mercaptoethanol and separated on 4-20% Bio-Rad TGX gel (456-1034, lot t64041496). • Transfer onto PVDF membrane (Millipore, product IPLF00010, lot R5EA5898E) was done on TransBlot SD apparatus (Bio-Rad) following the manufacturer's protocol. • Block membranes with LiCor Blocking Buffer (product 927-40000, lot V1381) for 2h. • Incubation with primary CD63 antibody ABIN1440014 diluted 1:500 in LiCor Blocking Buffer at 4°C overnight. • Wash 4x 15min with PBS-T. • Incubation with secondary antibody LiCor Donkey anti-Goat IgG (Heavy & Light Chain) Antibody (IRDye680RD) secondary antibody (antibodies-online product number ABIN2169630, lot C50330-03, 1:15000 dilution) and incubated on a shaker for 1h at RT. • Three rinses, followed by four 15min washes—2 PBS-T, 2 PBS (as required by LiCor). • Blot was developed on a LiCor imaging system (Odyssey 9120, scan resolution: 169µm, image quality: low).
Experimental Notes:	The size marker was developed with a different fluorophore and is superimposed on the blot image for illustrative purposes. Melanoma lysates, those from A375 and SKMEL 28 cells served

as positive controls for general cell lysates. Multiple bands with MW of 40-60kDa are expected to be revealed by ABIN1440014 in the cell lysates.

Image for Validation report #100043



Validation image no. 1 for anti-CD63 (CD63) (AA 120-175) antibody (ABIN1440014)

20µg total protein of cultured HeLa cells and human melanoma cell lines SKMEL28 and A375 were separated on an 4-20% polyacrylamid gel under denaturing conditions. Bands were revealed as described in the protocol sections with ABIN1440014 diluted 1:500.



Successfully validated (Western Blotting (WB))

by [Center for Diabetes and Metabolic Diseases, Indiana University](#)

Report Number: 100044

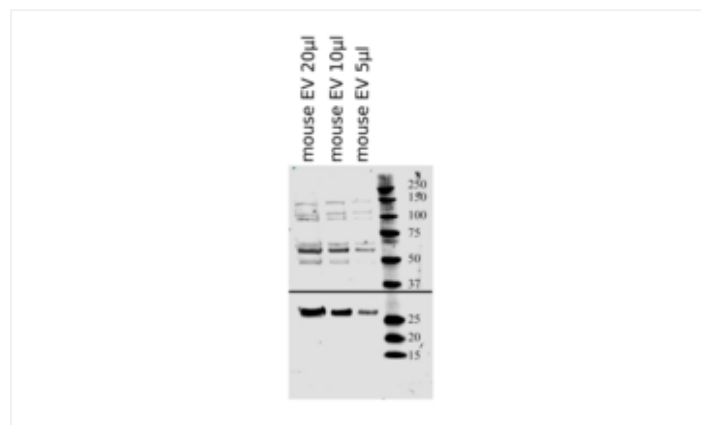
Date: Aug 30 2016

Target:	CD63 antibody (CD63 Molecule) (AA 120-175)
Lot Number:	47220715
Method validated:	Western Blotting (WB)
Positive Control:	C57BL/6 mouse serum
Primary Antibody:	ABIN1440014
Secondary Antibody:	Donkey anti-Goat IgG (H+L) IRDye680RD (LiCor, antibodies-online product number ABIN2169630 , lot number: C50330-03)
Protocol:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mouse serum was collected from C57BL/6 mice and lysed in 6M Urea/20mM Tris. • Exosomes were extracted with ExoQuick reagent (SBI, product #EXOQ5A, lot #140624-001) following the manufacturer's protocol and resuspended in 30µl of modified RIPA buffer. • 20µl, 10µl, and 5µl aliquots of 5-fold diluted exosome solution were used. • Samples were denatured in Bio-Rad Laemmli sample buffer (product # 1610737, lot #1350001755) containing beta-mercaptoethanol and separated on 4-20% Bio-Rad TGX gel (product #456-1034, lot #t64041496). • Transfer onto PVDF membrane (Millipore, product #IPLF00010, lot #R5EA5898E) was done on TransBlot SD apparatus (Bio-Rad) following manufacturer's protocol. • Block membranes with LiCor Blocking Buffer (product 927-40000, lot V1381) for 2h. • Incubation with <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ primary CD63 antibody ABIN1440014 at 4°C diluted 1:500 in LiCor Blocking Buffer at 4°C overnight. ◦ primary rabbit anti-CD9 antibody (Proteintech, 20597-1-AP, lot 00013334) diluted 1:500 in LiCor Blocking Buffer at 4°C overnight. • Wash 4x 15min with PBS-T. • Incubation with secondary antibody LiCor Donkey anti-Goat IgG (Heavy & Light Chain) Antibody (IRDye680RD) secondary antibody (antibodies-online product number ABIN2169630, lot C50330-03, 1:15000 dilution) and incubated on a shaker for 1h at RT. • Three rinses plus four 15min washes—2 PBS-T, 2 PBS (as required by LiCor). • Blot was developed on a LiCor imaging system (Odyssey 9120, scan resolution: 169um, image quality: low).
Experimental Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C57BL/6 mouse serum served as positive control for extracellular vesicle (EV) samples. A

single band around 55kDA is expected in EV samples.

- An alternative marker was used to confirm presence of EVs in the sample. Since CD63 is an exosomal marker, a quantitative correlation between the CD63 and the alternative marker signal strength with the amount of lysate loaded onto the gel is to be expected.
- The size marker was developed with a different fluorophore and is superimposed on the blot image for illustrative purposes.

Image for Validation report #100044



Validation image no. 1 for anti-CD63 (CD63) (AA 120-175) antibody (ABIN1440014)

20µl, 10µl, and 5µl of 1:5 diluted extracellular vesicle (EV)/exosome solution from C57BL/6 mice were separated on an 4-20% polyacrylamid gel under denaturing conditions. CD63 (upper portion of the image) and CD9 (lower portion of the image) bands were revealed as described in the protocol section.



Successfully validated (Western Blotting (WB))

by [Internal Disease Clinic, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Zagreb](#)

Report Number: 101202

Date: May 03 2017

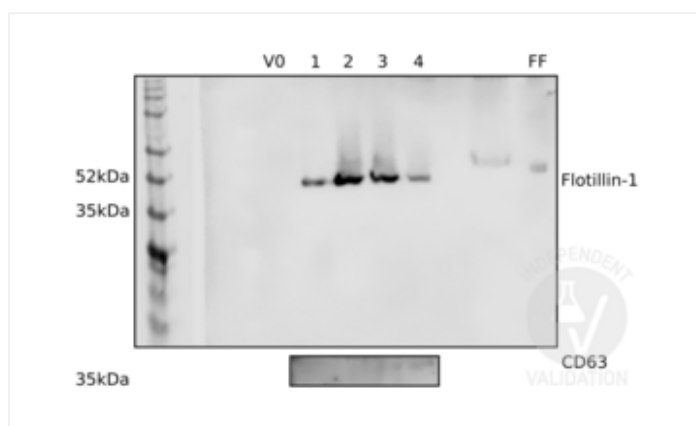
Target:	CD63
Lot Number:	47080912
Method validated:	Western Blotting (WB)
Positive Control:	extracellular vesicles from bovine follicular fluid, verified with Flotillin-1 antibody
Negative Control:	non-enriched fractions
Notes:	Passed. The CD63 antibody ABIN1440014 specifically reveals a faint band of the expected molecular weight in fractions enriched for exosomes.
Primary Antibody:	ABIN1440014
Secondary Antibody:	anti-goat-HRP
Protocol:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isolate extracellular vesicles from 0.5ml follicular fluid from cow obtained from abattoir using the qEV size-exclusion chromatography kit (iZON Science, qEVoriginal Size Exclusion Columns, NC0888135): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Equilibrate columns with 10ml PBS. Apply the follicular fluid. Retain the first 3ml of the eluate as void volume negative control (V0). Collect the next three 0.5ml fractions (1, 2, 3) which are expected to contain extracellular vesicles. Collect next 0.5ml fraction (4) which is expected to contain proteins but not extracellular vesicles from follicular fluid. Concentrate fractions 25x using Microcon filters (Millipore, Ultracel YM-30, MRCF0R30) with a 25kDa cut-off. Boil all five fractions and 1µl of untreated follicular fluid as positive control in 1x Laemmli SDS sample buffer for 5min. Separate all protein in each fraction, 10µg for fraction 2, the richest in protein on a freshly cast 4% acrylamide stacking gel and 10% acrylamide separation SDS-PAGE gel. Transfer proteins onto a nitrocellulose membrane (GE Healthcare, Amersham Protran 0.45µm, 10600002) in an electroblotter tank (BioStep, electroblotting module GV100-EBGRM) Western blotting system using 20% methanol-containing transfer buffer for 2h at 150mA at RT. Block the membrane with Odyssey blocking buffer (PBS) (Odyssey, 927-400000) for 1h at RT.

- Incubation with primary goat anti-flotillin 1 antibody (antibodies-online, ABIN374222) diluted 1:500 in blocking buffer ON at 4°C.
- Wash membrane 3x 5min with TBST (TBS, 0.1% Tween-20).
- Incubate with secondary anti-goat-HRP antibody diluted 1:5000 in blocking buffer for 1h at RT.
- Wash membrane 3x 5min with TBST.
- Incubate membrane in Luminol for (Santa Cruz Biotechnology Inc., ImmunoCruz western blotting luminol reagent, SC-2048) 5min at RT.
- Reveal chemiluminescent bands using a chemiluminescence detector (LI-COR, Odyssey Fc, OFC-0966) imaging system.
- Strip membranes using mild stripping protocol:
 - Incubate membrane with stripping buffer (1.5% (w/v) glycine, 0.0% (w/v) SDS, 1% (v/v) tween 20, pH2.2) shaking for 2x 10min at RT.
 - Wash membrane 2x 10min with PBS.
 - Wash membrane 2x 5min in TBS.
 - Block the membrane with blocking buffer.
- Incubate with primary goat anti-CD63 antibody (antibodies-online, ABIN1440014, lot 0047080912) diluted 1:200 in blocking buffer ON at 4°C.
- Repeat the same steps as for the goat anti-flotillin 1 antibody.

Experimental Notes:

- We observed an albumin band in western blot of some fractions when we used a different secondary (HRP conjugated mouse anti-CD9 antibody) (not shown). Albumin was not observed with ABIN1440014.
- A problem we are going to solve by loading higher amount of sample and increasing primary antibody concentration is the weak band observed for CD63 due to the low abundance of the protein in this kind of exosomes.

Image for Validation report #101202



Validation image no. 1 for anti-CD63 (CD63) (AA 120-175) antibody (ABIN1440014)

Different fractions from an enrichment of extracellular vesicles from bovine follicular fluid were probed with antibodies ABIN374222 and ABIN1440014 against exosome markers flotillin-1 (upper panel) and CD63 (lower panel). See protocol for more information. V0: void volume. 1: fraction 1, some exosomes expected. 2: fraction 2, usually the richest in exosomes. 3: third fraction, lower exosome concentration. 4: fourth fraction, contains no or very few exosomes. FF: follicular fluid.