antibodies - online.com







C5 ELISA Kit





Publication



Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	C5
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Minimum Detection Limit:	~ 0.3 ng/mL
Application:	ELISA

Product Details

ο.			_	_	
Р١	Л	rr	0	S	e:

The AssayMax Human C5 ELISA kit is designed for detection of C5 in human plasma, serum, saliva, milk, and cell culture supernatants. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures C5 in less than 4 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for C5 has been pre- coated onto a microplate. C5 in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and a biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for C5, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

	interiorly of the solor is measured.
Brand:	AssayMax
Sample Type:	Serum, Milk, Saliva, Plasma, Cell Culture Supernatant
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Cross-Reactivity: Monkey 50%, Mouse 1%, Swine 1%

Product Details

Froduct Details	
Characteristics:	Standard Added Value: 0.6 - 6 ng/mL
Components:	Human C5 Microplate: A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a
	polyclonal antibody against human C5.
	Sealing Tapes: Each kit contains 3 pre-cut, pressure-sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fi
	the format of the individual assay.
	Human C5 Standard: Human C5 in a buffered protein base (40 ng, lyophilized).
	Biotinylated C5 Antibody (50x): A 50-fold biotinylated polyclonal antibody against human C5
	140 μL). 2
	MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x): A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 mL).
	Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 mL, 2 bottles).
	Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate): A 100-fold concentrate (80 µL).
	Chromogen Substrate: A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate
	tetramethylbenzidine (8 mL).
	Stop Solution: A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 mL).
Material not included:	Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
	Pipettes (1-20 μ L, 20-200 μ L, 200-1000 μ L and multiple channel).
	Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.
Target Details	
Target:	C5
Alternative Name:	Complement C5 (C5 Products)
Background:	Human Complement Component 5 (C5) is the fifth component of the complement system. C5
	has a molecular weight of about 195 kDa, and matures into a heterodimers with alpha- and ß-
	chains of 120 kDa and 75 kDa, respectively. Upon complement activation, C5 is cleaved into a
	small C5a and larger C5b polypeptides by C5 convertase. The potent pro-inflammatory
	anaphylatoxin C5a binds to receptors C5aR and C5L2 to initiate acute inflammatory responses.
	The C5a-mediated early pro- inflammatory responses include sepsis, systemic lupus
	erythamatosis and cerebral malaria. The larger C5b interact with complement components C6,
	C7, C8, and C9 to form a membrane attack complex C5b-9 which is involved in cell apoptosis,

Pathways: Complement System, Carbohydrate Homeostasis

severe infantile dermatitis Leiner's disease.

cell activation and production of proinflammatory mediators. C5 deficiency is associated with a

Application Details

Application Details	
Application Notes:	Suggested dilution 1:8000 for Plasma/Serum
Assay Time:	< 4 h
Plate:	Pre-coated
Reagent Preparation:	Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
	MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the
	crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the MIX Diluent 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store
	for up to 1 month at 2-8°C.
	Standard Curve: Reconstitute the 40 ng of C5 Standard with 2 mL of MIX Diluent to generate a
	solution of 20 ng/mL. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to
	making 3 dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the
	standard solution (20 ng/mL) 1:2 with MIX Diluent to produce 10, 5, 2.5, 1.25, 0.625, and 0.313
	ng/mL solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/mL). Any remaining solution
	should be frozen at - 20°C and used within 30 days.
	Biotinylated C5 Antibody (50x): Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of
	the antibody 1:50 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
	Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the
	crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade
	water.
	SP Conjugate (100x): Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the
	conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
Sample Preparation:	Plasma: Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant.
	Centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes and assay. Dilute samples 1:20000 into MIX
	Diluent Store samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	(EDTA or Heparin can also be used as anticoagulant.)
	Serum: Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation,
	centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:20000 into MIX Diluent. Store
	samples at - 20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	Cell Culture Supernatants: Centrifuge cell culture media at 2000 x g for 10 minutes to remove
	debris. Collect supernatants and assay. Store the remaining samples at -20°C or below. Avoid
	repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	Milk: Collect milk using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 600 x g for 10 minutes and assay.
	Dilute samples 1:40 into MIX Diluent. Store samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid
	repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	Saliva: Collect saliva using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 600 x g for 10 minutes and

Application Details

assay. Dilute samples 1:8 into MIX Diluent. Store samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Assay Procedure:

Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-30°C).

Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccant inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.

Add 50 μ L of Standard or sample per well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for two hours. Start the timer after the last sample addition.

Wash five times with 200 μ L of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents, hit it 4-5 times on absorbent paper towel to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine wash six times with 300 μ L of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decant the contents, hit it 4-5 times on absorbent paper towel to completely remove the liquid.

Add 50 µL of Biotinylated C5 Antibody to each well and incubate for one hour.

Wash the microplate as described above.

Add 50 μ L of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate per well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.

Wash the microplate as described above.

Add 50 μ L of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 10 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.

Add 50 µL of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow. Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm immediately. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections. Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

Calculation of Results:

Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample. To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using four-parameter or log-log logistic curve-fit. Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Assay Precision:

Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.5% and 7.1% respectively.

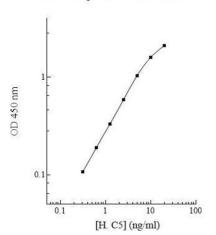
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Handling Advice:	Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standards, biotinylated-antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assay. Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor. Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated-antibody vial before opening and using contents. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date. The Stop Solution is an acid solution.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store components of the kit at 2-8°C or -20°C upon arrival up to the expiration date. Store SP Conjugate and Biotinylated Antibody at -20°C Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C Opened unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs. Reseal along zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month in a vacuum desiccator. Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8°C. Store Standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with Diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with Diluent.

Publications

Product cited in:

Bergwerf, De Vocht, Tambuyzer, Verschueren, Reekmans, Daans, Ibrahimi, Van Tendeloo, Chatterjee, Goossens, Jorens, Baekelandt, Ysebaert, Van Marck, Berneman, Linden, Ponsaerts: " Reporter gene-expressing bone marrow-derived stromal cells are immune-tolerated following implantation in the central nervous system of syngeneic immunocompetent mice." in: BMC biotechnology, Vol. 9, pp. 1, (2009) (PubMed).

Human Complement C5 Standard Curve



ELISA

Image 1.