

# Datasheet for ABIN1589703 anti-FLT4 antibody





#### Overview

| Quantity:    | 100 μg   |
|--------------|--|
| Target:      | FLT4   |
| Reactivity:  | Human  |
| Host:        | Mouse  |
| Clonality:   | Monoclonal   |
| Conjugate:   | This FLT4 antibody is un-conjugated                      |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC) |

### **Product Details**

| Purpose:                    | VEGFR-3/FLT-4 antibody   |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Immunogen:                  | Recombinant human soluble VEGFR-3/FLT-4  |
| Clone:                      | 9D9  |
| Isotype:                    | lgG1   |
| Specificity:                | Recombinant human soluble VEGFR-3/FLT-4  |
| Cross-Reactivity (Details): | The antibody will detect native human VEGFR-1/Flt-1 in ELISA experiments, WB, IF and IP. |
| Characteristics:            | Chromosomal location: 5q35.3   |
|                             | This antibody was produced from a hybridoma resulting from the fusion of a mouse myeloma |
|                             | with B cells obtained from a mouse immunized with purified recombinant human Vascular    |
|                             | Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor 3 (recombinant human VEGFR-3/FLT-4) extracellular     |
|                             | domain.  |

| Product Details     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Purification:       | Protein-G affinity chromatography   |
| Target Details      |   |
| Target:             | FLT4  |
| Alternative Name:   | VEGFR-3/FLT-4 (FLT4 Products)   |
| Background:         | Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-3, FLT4, PCL, LMPH1A, VEGFR3, fms-related tyrosine kinase 4,VEGFR-1 (Flt-1), VEGFR-2 (KDR/Flk 1) and VEGFR-3 (FLT-4) belong to the class III subfamily of receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs). All three receptors contain seven immunoglobulin-like repeats in their extracellular domains and kinase insert domains in their intracellular regions. The expression of VEGFR-1 to -3 is almost exclusively restricted to hematopoietic precursor cells, vascular and lymphatic endothelial cells and to the monocyte/macrophage lineage. These receptors play essential roles in vasculogenesis, hematopoiesis, angiogenesis and lymphangiogenesis. The VEGFR-3 cDNA encodes a 1298 amino acid (aa) residue precursor protein with a 24 aa residue signal peptide. Mature VEGFR-3 is composed of a 751 aa residue extracellular domain, a 22 aa residue transmembrane domain and a 482 aa residue cytoplasmic domain. Both VEGF-C and VEGF-D have been shown to bind and activate VEGF R3 (Flt-4). The Flt-4 gene is widely expressed in the early embryo but becomes restricted to the lymphatic endothelial a latter stage of development. It is important for lymphangiogenesis. |
| Gene ID:            | 2324  |
| NCBI Accession:     | NM_002020, NP_002011  |
| UniProt:            | P35916  |
| Pathways:           | RTK Signaling, Signaling Events mediated by VEGFR1 and VEGFR2, VEGF Signaling   |
| Application Details |   |
| Application Notes:  | ELISA: Use at 1-5 μg/mL, Western Blot: Use at 1-5 μg/mL, IF/ IHC: Use at 1-10 μg/mL.  |
| Restrictions:       | For Research Use only   |
| Handling            |   |
| Format:             | Lyophilized   |
| Reconstitution:     | Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL.  |

## Handling

| Buffer:           | PBS   |
|-------------------|---|
| Handling Advice:  | Centrifuge vial prior to opening.   |
| Storage:          | 4 °C,-20 °C   |
| Storage Comment:  | The lyophilized antibody is stable for at least 2 years at -20°C. After sterile reconstitution the antibody is stable at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. Frozen aliquots are stable for at least 6 months when stored at -20°C. Addition of a carrier protein or 50% glycerol is recommended for frozen aliquots.           |
| Expiry Date:      | 24 months   |
| Publications      |   |
| Product cited in: | Rohringer, Holnthoner, Hackl, Weihs, Rünzler, Skalicky, Karbiener, Scheideler, Pröll, Gabriel, Schweighofer, Gröger, Spittler, Grillari, Redl: "Molecular and cellular effects of in vitro shockwave treatment on lymphatic endothelial cells." in: <b>PLoS ONE</b> , Vol. 9, Issue 12, pp. e114806, (2014) (PubMed). |