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Datasheet for ABIN1589783 **PRAME Protein**



Overview	
Quantity:	20 µg
Target:	PRAME
Origin:	Human
Source:	Escherichia coli (E. coli)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Product Details	
Sequence:	MNPLETLSIT NCRLSEGDVM HLSQSPSVSQ LSVLSLSGVM LTDVSPEPLQ ALLERASATL
	QDLVFDECGI TDDQLLALLP SLSHCSQLTT LSFYGNSISI
Characteristics:	Length (AA): 106
Purity:	> 98 % by SDS-PAGE. Visualized by silver stain
Target Details	
Target:	PRAME
Alternative Name:	PRAME (PRAME Products)
Background:	PRAME/MAPE/OIP4 is a germinal tissue-specific gene that is also expressed at high levels in
	haematological malignancies and solid tumors. The physiological functions of PRAME in
	normal and tumor cells are unknown, although a role in the regulation of retinoic acid signaling
	has been proposed. Sequence homology and structural predictions suggest that PRAME is
	related to the Leucine-rich repeat (LRR) family of proteins, which have diverse functions.
	PRAME, or "preferentially expressed antigen in melanoma", was originally identified as a gene
	encoding a HLA-A24 restricted antigenic peptide presented to autologous tumor-specific

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	cytotoxic T lymphocytes derived from a patient with melanoma. PRAME is synonymous with
	MAPE (melanoma antigen preferentially expressed in tumors) and OIP4 (OPA-interacting
	protein 4), and its expression profile defines it as a cancer-testis antigen. Cancer-testis antigens
	(CTAs) are encoded by non-mutated genes expressed at high levels in germinal tissues and
	tumors, but which are absent from or detected at low levels in other tissues. PRAME may be
	somewhat different to other cancer-testis antigens in that it shows some expression in normal
	tissues such as ovary, adrenal, placenta and endometrium. The C-terminus of human PRAME
	(amino acids 453-509) was also identified to bind Neisseria gonorrhoeae opacity factors, in this
	case the OPA-P protein. Thus PRAME is also known as OIP4 (OPA interacting protein), although
	the functional implications of the interaction are unknown.
	Synonyms: Melanoma antigen preferentially expressed in tumors, Opa-interacting protein 4,
	MAPE, OIP4
Molecular Weight:	10.7 kDa
NCBI Accession:	NM_006115, NP_006106
UniProt:	P78395
Pathways:	Retinoic Acid Receptor Signaling Pathway, Nuclear Hormone Receptor Binding

Application Details

Application Notes:	Positive control for WB.
Comment:	Cytokines & Growth Factors
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Human PRAME should be reconstituted in water to a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL. This solution can be diluted in water or other buffer solutions or stored at -20 °C
Buffer:	10 mM Tris, 25 mM NaP, pH 7.4
Storage:	0°0
Storage Comment:	The lyophilized human PRAME, though stable at room temperature, is best stored desiccated below 0 °C. Reconstituted human PRAME should be stored in working aliquots at -20 °C.

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