

Datasheet for ABIN1672848

**GDNF ELISA Kit**[Go to Product page](#)**1** Image**5** Publications

## Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	GDNF
Binding Specificity:	AA 78-211
Reactivity:	Mouse
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	31.2-2000 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	31.2 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA

## Product Details

Purpose:	Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative Detection of Mouse GDNF
Brand:	PicoKine™
Sample Type:	Cell Culture Supernatant, Serum, Plasma (heparin), Plasma (EDTA)
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Immunogen:	Expression system for standard: sf21 Immunogen sequence: S78-I211
Specificity:	Expression system for standard: sf21 Immunogen sequence: S78-I211
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

## Product Details

Sensitivity:	<10pg/mL
Material not included:	Microplate reader in standard size. Automated plate washer. Adjustable pipettes and pipette tips. Multichannel pipettes are recommended in the condition of large amount of samples in the detection. Clean tubes and Eppendorf tubes. Washing buffer (neutral PBS or TBS). Preparation of 0.01M TBS: Add 1.2g Tris, 8.5g NaCl

## Target Details

Target:	GDNF
Alternative Name:	GDNF ( <a href="#">GDNF Products</a> )
Background:	<p>Protein Function: Neurotrophic factor that enhances survival and morphological differentiation of dopaminergic neurons and increases their high-affinity dopamine uptake.</p> <p>Background: Glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor(GDNF) is a glycosylated, disulfide-bonded homodimer that is a distantly related member of the transforming growth factor-beta superfamily.<sup>1</sup> GDNF, is a potent neurotrophic factor that promotes the survival of dopaminergic neurones in cultures including embryonic neuronal cultures.<sup>2</sup> GDNF, in addition to its potential role in the differentiation and survival of central nervous system neurons, has profound effects on kidney organogenesis and the development of the peripheral nervous system.<sup>3</sup> GDNF may have utility in the treatment of Parkinson's disease, which is marked by progressive degeneration of midbrain dopaminergic neurons.</p> <p>Synonyms: Glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor,mGDNF,Astrocyte-derived trophic factor,ATF,Gdnf,</p> <p>Full Gene Name: Glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor</p> <p>Cellular Localisation: Secreted.</p>
Gene ID:	14573
UniProt:	<a href="#">P48540</a>
Pathways:	<a href="#">RTK Signaling</a> , <a href="#">Synaptic Membrane</a> , <a href="#">Tube Formation</a> , <a href="#">Autophagy</a> , <a href="#">Smooth Muscle Cell Migration</a>

## Application Details

Application Notes:	Before using Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to bottom of tube. Duplicate well assay was recommended for both standard and sample testing.
Comment:	Tissue Specificity: Expressed in both the central nervous system (CNS) and in non-CNS tissues. Expressed in a highly dynamic pattern in the anterior neuroectoderm during the early stages of

## Application Details

neurogenesis between E7.5 and E10.5. Beginning at E10.5, expression begins in mesenchymal tissues of several organs including the digestive tract, kidney, testis, frontonasal mass, tooth primordium, tongue, mandible, whisker follicles, ear, eye, limb bud and in distinct regions of the brain. Also expressed in the heart, ileum, liver and muscle. .

Plate: Pre-coated

Protocol: mouse GDNF ELISA Kit was based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology. A monoclonal antibody from rat specific for GDNF has been precoated onto 96-well plates. Standards(sf21, S78-I211) and test samples are added to the wells, a biotinylated detection polyclonal antibody from goat specific for GDNF is added subsequently and then followed by washing with PBS or TBS buffer. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex was added and unbound conjugates were washed away with PBS or TBS buffer. HRP substrate TMB was used to visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is proportional to the mouse GDNF amount of sample captured in plate.

Assay Procedure: Aliquot 0.1 mL per well of the 2000pg/mL, 1000pg/mL, 500pg/mL, 250pg/mL, 125pg/mL, 62.5pg/mL, 31.2pg/mL mouse GDNF standard solutions into the precoated 96-well plate. Add 0.1 mL of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). Add 0.1 mL of each properly diluted sample of mouse cell culture supernates, serum or plasma(heparin, EDTA) to each empty well. See "Sample Dilution Guideline" above for details. It is recommended that each mouse GDNF standard solution and each sample be measured in duplicate.

Assay Precision:

- Sample 1: n=16, Mean(pg/ml): 138, Standard deviation: 6.07, CV(%): 4.4
- Sample 2: n=16, Mean(pg/ml): 716, Standard deviation: 36.52, CV(%): 5.1
- Sample 3: n=16, Mean(pg/ml): 1354, Standard deviation: 86.66, CV(%): 6.4,
- Sample 1: n=24, Mean(pg/ml): 146, Standard deviation: 10.51, CV(%): 7.2
- Sample 2: n=24, Mean(pg/ml): 727, Standard deviation: 53.8, CV(%): 7.4
- Sample 3: n=24, Mean(pg/ml): 1379, Standard deviation: 113.1, CV(%): 8.2

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

Handling Advice: Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

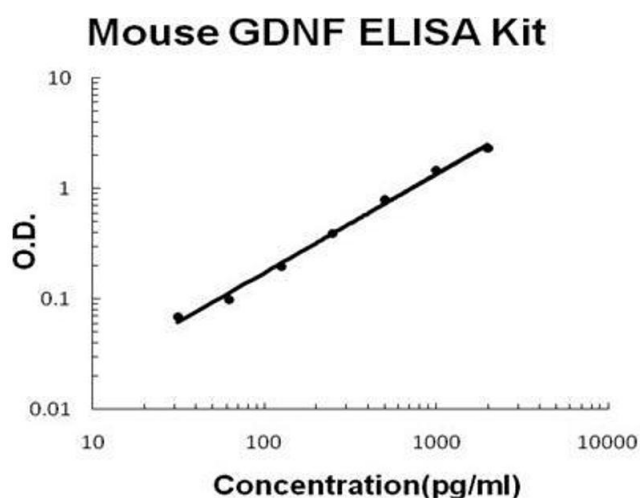
Storage: -20 °C, 4 °C

Storage Comment: Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles

Expiry Date: 12 months

- Product cited in:
- Song, Kong, Acosta, Sava, Borlongan, Sanchez-Ramos: "Granulocyte colony-stimulating factor promotes behavioral recovery in a mouse model of traumatic brain injury." in: **Journal of neuroscience research**, Vol. 94, Issue 5, pp. 409-23, (2016) ([PubMed](#)).
- Banerjee, Nürnberger, Hennerbichler, Riedl, Schuh, Hacobian, Teuschl, Eibl, Redl, Wolbank: "In toto differentiation of human amniotic membrane towards the Schwann cell lineage." in: **Cell and tissue banking**, Vol. 15, Issue 2, pp. 227-39, (2014) ([PubMed](#)).
- Liu, Wang, Shao, Liu: "Genetically modified Schwann cells producing glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor inhibit neuronal apoptosis in rat spinal cord injury." in: **Molecular medicine reports**, Vol. 9, Issue 4, pp. 1305-12, (2014) ([PubMed](#)).
- Chai, Guo, Li, Wang, Wang, Shi, Hu, Liu, Adah: "Scutellarin and caffeic acid ester fraction, active components of Dengzhanxin injection, upregulate neurotrophins synthesis and release in hypoxia/reoxygenation rat astrocytes." in: **Journal of ethnopharmacology**, Vol. 150, Issue 1, pp. 100-7, (2013) ([PubMed](#)).
- Yang, Zhou, Gao, Chen, Tu, Sun, Liu, He, Liu, Yuan: "Neuroprotective effects of bone marrow stem cells overexpressing glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor on rats with intracerebral hemorrhage and neurons exposed to hypoxia/reoxygenation." in: **Neurosurgery**, Vol. 68, Issue 3, pp. 691-704, (2011) ([PubMed](#)).

## Images



### ELISA

**Image 1.** Mouse GDNF PicoKine ELISA Kit standard curve