

## Datasheet for ABIN1684711 IL31RA Protein (C-Term, Extracellular Domain)



Overview

| 0 1 01 110 11            |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Quantity:                | 50 µg  |
| Target:                  | IL31RA   |
| Protein Characteristics: | C-Term, Extracellular Domain   |
| Origin:                  | Mouse  |
| Source:                  | HEK-293T Cells   |
| Protein Type:            | Recombinant  |
| Product Details          |  |
| Specificity:             | Optimized DNA sequence encoding extracellular domain of mouse Interleukin-31 receptor beta subunit (OSM-Rb) including a C-terminal tag was expressed in HEK293 cells.        |
| Characteristics:         | Recombinant mouse IL-31RB is a monomer protein consisting of 725 amino acid residue subunits, due to glycosylation migrates as an approximately 130 kDa protein on SDS-PAGE. |
| Purity:                  | > 97 %, as determined by SDS-PAGE and HPLC   |
| Sterility:               | 0.2 µm filtered  |
| Endotoxin Level:         | Endotoxin content was assayed using a LAL gel clot method. Endotoxin level was found to be less than 0.1 ng/µg(1EU/µg).  |
|                          |  |

## Target Details

| Target:           | IL31RA   |
|-------------------|--|
| Alternative Name: | IL31R (IL31RA Products)  |
| Background:       | This factor is identical with prokineticin-1 and is a member of the AVIT protein family. |

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|   | Expression of human EG-VEGF messenger RNA is restricted to the steroidogenic glands, ovary,  |
|---|--|
|   | testis, adrenal and placenta and is often complementary to the expression of VEGF. EG-VEGF   |
|   | has been identified as a mitogen specific for the endothelium of steroidogenic glands. EG-VEGF   |
|   | resembles VEGF in that it causes extensive angiogenesis and cyst formation when delivered in   |
|   | the ovary. EG-VEGF differs from VEGF in that it does not promote angiogenesis in the cornea or   |
|   | skeletal muscle. Two receptors have been characterized, these receptors are expressed in   |
|   | gastrointestinal organs, endocrine glands and other tissues. The G-protein-coupled receptor  |
|   | ZAQ and the G-protein-coupled receptor I5E function as the EG-VEGF receptor.   |
| UniProt:  | 070458   |
|   |  |
| Application Details                                 |  |
|   |  |
| Restrictions:                                       | For Research Use only  |
|   | For Research Use only  |
| Restrictions:<br>Handling<br>Buffer:                | For Research Use only<br>PBS solution, pH7.2   |
| Handling  |  |
| Handling<br>Buffer:                                 | PBS solution, pH7.2  |
| Handling<br>Buffer:<br>Handling Advice:             | PBS solution, pH7.2<br>Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.  |
| Handling<br>Buffer:<br>Handling Advice:<br>Storage: | PBS solution, pH7.2<br>Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.<br>-20 °C  |
| Handling<br>Buffer:<br>Handling Advice:<br>Storage: | PBS solution, pH7.2<br>Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.<br>-20 °C<br>The lyophilized protein is stable for at least years from date of receipt at -20 °C. Upon |