# antibodies .- online.com





# Ephrin A1 Protein (EFNA1) (AA 19-182) (His tag)



#### Overview

Quantity:	50 μg
Target:	Ephrin A1 (EFNA1)
Protein Characteristics:	AA 19-182
Origin:	Human
Source:	Human Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This Ephrin A1 protein is labelled with His tag.

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:	Recombinant Human Ephrin-A1/EFNA1/LERK-1 (C-6His)
Sequence:	DRHTVFWNSS NPKFRNEDYT IHVQLNDYVD IICPHYEDHS VADAAMEQYI LYLVEHEEYQ
	LCQPQSKDQV RWQCNRPSAK HGPEKLSEKF QRFTPFTLGK EFKEGHSYYY ISKPIHQHED
	RCLRLKVTVS GKITHSPQAH VNPQEKRLAA DDPEVRVLHS IAHSVDHHHH HH
Characteristics:	Recombinant Human Ephrin-A1/EFNA1/LERK-1 (C-6His)
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.2 µm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 IEU/μg) as determined by LAL test

## Target Details

Target: Ephrin A1 (EFNA1)

## **Target Details**

Alternative Name:	Ephrin-A1 (EFNA1 Products)
Background:	Recombinant Human Ephrin-A1 is produced by our mammalian expression system in human
	cells. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Asp19-Ser182) of Human EFNA1 fused
	with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.
	Ephrin-A1 is a member of the A-type ephrin family of cell surface proteins that function as
	ligands for the A-type Eph receptor tyrosine kinase family. Ephrin-A1 can be induced by TNF
	and IL1B. Its expression levels can be down-regulated in primary glioma tissues compared to
	the normal tissues. The soluble monomeric form is expressed in the glioblastoma multiforme
	(GBM) and breast cancer cells. Soluble Ephrin-A1 is necessary for the transformation of HeLa
	and SK-BR3 cells and participates in the relocalization of EPHA2 away from sites of cell-cell
	contact during transformation. Ephrin-A1 plays an important role in angiogenesis and tumor
	neovascularization.
Molecular Weight:	20.39 kDa
UniProt:	P20827
Pathways:	RTK Signaling
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL.
	Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH2O.
	Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Buffer:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM PB,150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Handling Advice:	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C/-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 week
	December that a protein colution can be stored at 4.7°C for 2.7 days
	Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days.