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Datasheet for ABIN1692985

## anti-CTBS antibody (AA 1-100) (Alexa Fluor 350)

### Overview

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Quantity:            | 100 µL   |
| Target:              | CTBS   |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 1-100   |
| Reactivity:          | Mouse  |
| Host:                | Rabbit   |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal   |
| Conjugate:           | This CTBS antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 350  |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

### Product Details

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CTBS |
| Isotype:              | IgG  |
| Cross-Reactivity:     | Mouse  |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Rat  |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.                                   |

### Target Details

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Target:           | CTBS                                   |
| Alternative Name: | CTBS ( <a href="#">CTBS Products</a> ) |

## Target Details

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|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| Background: | <p>Synonyms: Chitobiase di N acetyl, CTB, Di N acetylchitobiase, OTTHUMP00000011570, DIAC_HUMAN.</p> <p>Background: CTBS is an evolutionarily conserved member of the glycosyl hydrolase 18 family of proteins. Localizing to the lysosome, CTBS plays a role in the degradation of asparagine-linked (Asn-linked) glycoproteins. Glycoproteins are translocated to lysosomes via endocytosis or autophagy where they are broken down by proteases and glycosidases. The catabolism of glycoproteins is an important step in the regular turnover of cellular contents and in maintaining the homeostasis of glycosylation. CTBS functions as a glycosidase that cleaves the reducing end GlcNAc from the core chitobiase unit of oligosaccharides. Before this reaction can occur, AGA (the lysosomal glycosylasparaginase) must first remove the Asn from the Asn-linked glycoprotein to expose the reducing end GlcNAc, thereby allowing CTBS to access the exposed moiety.</p> |
|-------------|--|

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|----------|------|
| Gene ID: | 1486 |
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## Application Details

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|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Application Notes: | <p>IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200</p> <p>IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200</p> <p>IF(ICC) 1:50-200</p> |
| Restrictions:      | For Research Use only   |

## Handling

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|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Format:            | Liquid   |
| Concentration:     | 1 µg/µL  |
| Buffer:            | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.         |
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | -20 °C   |
| Storage Comment:   | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                                  |
| Expiry Date:       | 12 months  |