

#### Datasheet for ABIN1695720

## anti-CRYGS antibody (AA 101-178) (AbBy Fluor® 488)



Go to Product page

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	CRYGS
Binding Specificity:	AA 101-178
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This CRYGS antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 488

# Application: Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured

Cells) (IF (cc))

#### **Product Details**

Overview

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Beta crystallin S
Isotype:	IgG
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

#### **Target Details**

Target:	CRYGS
Alternative Name:	Beta crystallin S (CRYGS Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Al327013, Beta-crystallin S, CRBS_HUMAN, CRYG8, crygs, Crystallin, gamma 8,

Crystallin, gamma polypeptide 8, Crystallin, gamma S, Gamma crystallin S, Gamma S crystallin, Gamma-crystallin S, Gamma-S-crystallin, recessive nuclear cataract, Opi, rncat. Background: Crystallins are separated into two classes:taxon-specific, or enzyme, and ubiquitous. The latter classconstitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and maintainsthe transparency and refractive index of the lens. Since lenscentral fiber cells lose their nuclei during development, thesecrystallins are made and then retained throughout life, making themextremely stable proteins. Mammalian lens crystallins are dividedinto alpha, beta, and gamma families, beta and gamma crystallinsare also considered as a superfamily. Alpha and beta families arefurther divided into acidic and basic groups. Seven protein regions exist in crystallins: four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. Gamma-crystallins are ahomogeneous group of highly symmetrical, monomeric proteinstypically lacking connecting peptides and terminal extensions. They are differentially regulated after early development. This geneencodes a protein initially considered to be a betacrystallin butthe encoded protein is monomeric and has greater sequencesimilarity to other gamma-crystallins. This gene encodes the most significant gamma-crystallin in adult eye lens tissue. Whether due to aging or mutations in specific genes, gamma-crystallins have been involved in cataract formation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul2008].

Gene ID:

1427

#### **Application Details**

Application	Notes:
, ipplication	1 10 100.

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

#### Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.

### Handling

Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months