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Datasheet for ABIN1695844

## anti-GALK2 antibody (AA 141-240) (AbBy Fluor® 488)

### Overview

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Quantity:            | 100 µL   |
| Target:              | GALK2  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 141-240   |
| Reactivity:          | Rat  |
| Host:                | Rabbit   |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal   |
| Conjugate:           | This GALK2 antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 488   |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

### Product Details

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GALK2/Galactokinase 2 |
| Isotype:              | IgG   |
| Cross-Reactivity:     | Rat   |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human, Mouse, Dog, Cow, Sheep, Pig, Rabbit                                |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.  |

### Target Details

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|-------------------|--|
| Target:           | GALK2  |
| Alternative Name: | GALK2/Galactokinase 2 ( <a href="#">GALK2 Products</a> ) |

## Target Details

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| Background: | <p>Synonyms: GalNAc Kinase, Galactokinase 2, GALK2, GK2, MGC1745, N-acetylgalactosamine kinase, GALK2_HUMAN.</p> <p>Background: GALK2 is important in the first step of the galactose metabolism pathway. GALK1, which belongs to the GHMP kinase family of proteins, is a crucial enzyme for galactose metabolism, specifically converting <math>\beta</math>-D-galactose to galactose 1-phosphate. Defects in the gene encoding GALK1 can cause galactosemia II, an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by congenital cataracts during infancy, often within the first two weeks of life. In the adult population, galactosemia II can cause presenile cataracts that are secondary to accumulation of galactitol in the lens of the eye. A second gene, GALK2, encodes an enzyme with greater activity against GalNAc than galactose. GALK2 has been implicated in the salvage pathway for the reutilization of free GalNAc derived from the degradation of complex carbohydrates.</p> |
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| Gene ID: | 2585 |
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## Application Details

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| Application Notes: | IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200<br>IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200<br>IF(ICC) 1:50-200 |
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|---------------|-----------------------|
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
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## Handling

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|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Format:            | Liquid   |
| Concentration:     | 1 $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ L   |
| Buffer:            | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.         |
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | -20 °C   |
| Storage Comment:   | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                                  |
| Expiry Date:       | 12 months  |