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Datasheet for ABIN1702848
anti-FRAT1 antibody (AA 161-260) (Cy3)

Overview

| | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Quantity: | 100 µL |
| Target: | FRAT1 |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 161-260 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This FRAT1 antibody is conjugated to Cy3 |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

Product Details

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FRAT1 |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |

Target Details

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Target: | FRAT1 |
| Alternative Name: | FRAT1 (FRAT1 Products) |
| Background: | Synonyms: FRAT 1, frequently rearranged in advanced T cell lymphomas, Frequently rearranged |

Target Details

in advanced T-cell lymphomas, GSK 3 binding protein FRAT1, proto oncogene FRAT1, FRAT1_HUMAN.

Background: FRAT1 and FRAT2 were originally characterized as proteins frequently rearranged in advanced T cell lymphoma, and they have since been identified as proto-oncogenes involved in tumorigenesis. These proteins share significant homology with the Xenopus glycogen synthase kinase-3 (xGSK-3) binding protein, which is designated GBP and is essential for the formation of the dorsal-ventral axis during embryonic development. Establishment of these embryonic axes is mediated by the Wnt intracellular signaling pathway. Wnt signaling is regulated in part by the activity of GSK-3, which phosphorylates and thereby facilitates the degradation of β catenin. GBP binds to GSK-3 and inhibits this phosphorylation, resulting in the accumulation of β catenin and the subsequent transcription of Wnt target genes. Like GBP, FRAT2 has been shown to bind xGSK-3, suggesting that FRAT1 and FRAT2 may be GSK-3 regulatory proteins.

Gene ID: 10023

Application Details

Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200
IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 μ g/ μ L

Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.

Preservative: ProClin

Precaution of Use: This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Expiry Date: 12 months