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# anti-LILRB2 antibody (AA 1-100)





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| Quantity:            | 100 μL   |  |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Target:              | LILRB2   |  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 1-100   |  |
| Reactivity:          | Human, Mouse   |  |
| Host:                | Rabbit   |  |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal   |  |
| Conjugate:           | This LILRB2 antibody is un-conjugated  |  |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |  |

#### **Product Details**

| Immunogen:        | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human LILRB2 |  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Isotype:          | IgG  |  |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human, Mouse   |  |
| Purification:     | Purified by Protein A.                                     |  |

## Target Details

| Target:           | LILRB2  |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Alternative Name: | LILRB2 (LILRB2 Products)  |  |
| Background:       | Synonyms: CD85D, CD85 antigen-like family member D, CD85d, CD85d antigen, ILT 4, ILT-4, ILT4, Immunoglobulin like transcript 4, Immunoglobulin-like transcript 4, Leukocyte |  |

immunoglobulin like receptor 2, Leukocyte immunoglobulin like receptor subfamily B member 2, Leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor 2, Leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor subfamily B member 2, Leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor, subfamily B with TM and ITIM domains, member 2, LILRA6, LILRB2, LIR 2, LIR-2, LIR2, LIRb, LIRB2\_HUMAN, MIR 10, MIR-10, MIR10, Monocyte/macrophage immunoglobulin like receptor 10, Monocyte/macrophage immunoglobulin-like receptor 10.

Background: Leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptors (LIRs) are members of the immunoglobulin superfamily of glycoproteins and are predominantly expressed by monocytes, B cells, dendritic cells, natural killer (NK) cells, peripheral blood leukocytes and tissues such as placenta, lung and liver. These receptors all contain a cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), have an inhibitory function and are type I membrane proteins. When they bind to MHC (or other ligands) and ITIM is tyrosine phosphorylated, protein-tyrosine phosphatases are recruited and an inhibitory signal cascade triggered. ILT-4, also designated LIR-2, MIR-10 or CD85D antigen, competes with CD8A for binding to class I MHC antigens.

UniProt: Q8N423

Pathways: Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes: WB 1:300-5000

ELISA 1:500-1000

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

Restrictions: For Research Use only

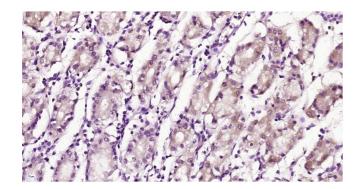
### Handling

| Format:            | Liquid   |
|--------------------|--|
| Concentration:     | 1 μg/μL  |
| Buffer:            | 0.01M TBS( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.  |
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | 4 °C,-20 °C  |

#### Handling

| Storage Comment: | Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. |
|------------------|---|
| Expiry Date:     | 12 months   |

#### **Images**



#### Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

**Image 1.** Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Human stomach, Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min, Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes, Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min, Antibody incubation with LILRB2 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary and DAB staining.