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Datasheet for ABIN1713746 **anti-Chloride Channel 5 antibody (AA 1-100)**

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	Chloride Channel 5 (CLCN5)
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-100
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Chloride Channel 5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Chloride Channel 5/CLC5
Isotype:	IgG
Predicted Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Cow, Sheep, Pig, Horse, Chicken, Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	Chloride Channel 5 (CLCN5)
Alternative Name:	Chloride Channel 5 (CLCN5 Products)

Target Details

Background:	<p>Synonyms: Chloride channel protein 5, Chloride transporter CLC-5, CIC-5, CLC5, CLCK2, CLCN5, CLCN5_HUMAN, DENTS, H⁺/Cl⁻ exchange transporter 5, hCIC-K2, NPHL1, NPHL2, XLRH, XRN.</p> <p>Background: The family of voltage-dependent chloride channels (CLCs) regulate cellular trafficking of chloride ions, a critical component of all living cells. CLCs regulate excitability in muscle and nerve cells, aid in organic solute transport and maintain cellular volume. The genes encoding human CLC-1 through CLC-7 map to chromosomes 7q32, 3q28, 4q32, Xp22.3, Xp11.23-p11.22, 1p36 and 16p13, respectively. CLC1 is highly expressed in skeletal muscle. Mutations in the gene encoding CLC1 lead to myotonia, an inheritable disorder characterized by muscle stiffness and renal salt wasting. CLC2 is highly expressed in the epithelia of several organs including lung, which suggests CLC2 may be a possible therapeutic target for cystic fibrosis. CLC3 expression is particularly abundant in neuronal tissue, while CLC4 expression is evident in skeletal and cardiac muscle as well as brain. Mutations in the gene encoding CLC5 lead to Dent's disease, a renal disorder characterized by proteinuria and hypercalciuria. CLC6 and CLC7 are broadly expressed in several tissues including testis, kidney, brain and muscle.</p>
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Application Details

Application Notes:	<p>ELISA 1:500-1000</p> <p>IHC-P 1:200-400</p> <p>IHC-F 1:100-500</p> <p>IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200</p> <p>IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200</p> <p>IF(ICC) 1:50-200</p> <p>ICC 1:100-500</p>
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Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C

Handling

Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months