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Datasheet for ABIN1714120  
**anti-C1orf131 antibody (AA 121-220)**

### Overview

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Quantity:            | 100 µL  |
| Target:              | C1orf131  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 121-220  |
| Reactivity:          | Human   |
| Host:                | Rabbit  |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal  |
| Conjugate:           | This C1orf131 antibody is un-conjugated   |
| Application:         | Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), ELISA, Immunocytochemistry (ICC) |

### Product Details

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human C1orf131 |
| Isotype:              | IgG  |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Horse,Chicken,Rabbit       |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.                                       |

### Target Details

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Target:           | C1orf131                                       |
| Alternative Name: | C1orf131 ( <a href="#">C1orf131 Products</a> ) |

## Target Details

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**Background:** Synonyms: C1orf131, CA131\_HUMAN, Chromosome 1 open reading frame 131, DKFZp547B1713, Hypothetical protein LOC128061, OTTHUMP00000036145, OTTHUMP00000036146, RP4-609B14.1, Uncharacterized protein C1orf131.

Background: Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8 % of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma. The C1orf131 gene product has been provisionally designated C1orf131 pending further characterization.

**Gene ID:** 128061

## Application Details

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**Application Notes:** WB 1:300-5000  
ELISA 1:500-1000  
IHC-P 1:200-400  
IHC-F 1:100-500  
IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200  
IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200  
IF(ICC) 1:50-200  
ICC 1:100-500

**Restrictions:** For Research Use only

## Handling

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**Format:** Liquid

**Concentration:** 1 µg/µL

## Handling

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|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer:            | 0.01M TBS( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.  |
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | 4 °C,-20 °C  |
| Storage Comment:   | Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.                                    |
| Expiry Date:       | 12 months  |