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### Datasheet for ABIN1714734

## anti-SLC1A6 antibody (AA 151-250)

## Quantity: 100 μL Target: SLC1A6

Overview

Binding Specificity: AA 151-250

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Conjugate: This SLC1A6 antibody is un-conjugated

Application: Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)),

Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen

Sections) (IHC (fro)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)),

Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

#### **Product Details**

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human EAAT4
Isotype:	IgG
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

#### **Target Details**

Target:	SLC1A6
Alternative Name:	EAAT4 (SLC1A6 Products)

#### **Target Details**

Background:

Synonyms: Excitatory amino acid transporter 4, High affinity neuronal glutamate transporter, MGC33092, MGC43671, Sodium dependent glutamate/aspartate transporter, Solute carrier family 1 high affinity aspartate/glutamate transporter member 6, Solute carrier family 1 member 6, EAA4\_HUMAN.

Background: Excitatory Amino Acid Transporters (EAATs) are membrane-bound proteins that are localized in glial cells and pre-synaptic glutamatergic nerve endings. EAATs transport the excitatory neurotransmitters L-glutamate and D-aspartate, a process that is essential for terminating the postsynaptic action of glutamate. The re-uptake of amino acid neurotransmitters by EAAT proteins has been shown to protect neurons from excitotoxicity, which is caused by the accumulation of amino acid neurotransmitters. EAAT4 is an aspartate/glutamate transporter that is expressed predominantly in the cerebellum. The transport activity encoded by EAAT4 has high apparent affinity for L-aspartate and L-glutamate, and has a pharmacologic profile consistent with previously described cerebellar transport activities. EAAT5 is a glutamate transporter coupled to a chloride conductance which is expressed primarily in retina. Although EAAT5 shares the structural homologies of the EAAT family, a novel feature of the EAAT5 sequence is a carboxy-terminal motif previously identified in N-ethyl-D-aspartate receptors and potassium channels and shown to confer interactions with a family of synaptic proteins that promote ion channel clustering.

Gene ID:

6511

UniProt:

P48664

Pathways:

Dicarboxylic Acid Transport

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes:

WB 1:300-5000

ELISA 1:500-1000

IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

ICC 1:100-500

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months