

Datasheet for ABIN1714757 anti-Fgr antibody (AA 251-350)



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Alternative Name:

Quantity:	100 μL		
Target:	Fgr (FGR)		
Binding Specificity:	AA 251-350		
Reactivity:	Human		
Host:	Rabbit		
Clonality:	Polyclonal		
Conjugate:	This Fgr antibody is un-conjugated		
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))		
Product Details			
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FGR/SRC2		
Isotype:	IgG		
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse,Rabbit		
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.		
Target Details			
Target:	Fgr (FGR)		

FGR/SRC2 (FGR Products)

Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: c fgr, c fgr protooncogene, c src 2 proto oncogene, c src2, FGR, FLJ43153, Gardner Rasheed feline sarcoma viral v fgr, Gardner Rasheed feline sarcoma viral v fgr oncogene homolog, MGC75096, p55 c fgr protein, P55 FGR, p55c fgr, p58c fgr, Proto oncogene c Fgr, Proto oncogene tyrosine protein kinase FGR, SRC 2, SRC2, Tyrosine protein kinase Fgr, FGR_HUMAN.

Background: Src is the human homolog of the v-Src gene of the rous sarcoma virus, also designated avian sarcoma virus or ASV. Src was the first proto-oncogenic non-receptor tyrosine kinase characterized in human. The Src family, which has common structural motifs, is composed of nine members in vertebrates, including Src, Yes, Fgr, Frk, Fyn, Lyn, Hck, Lck and Blk. Src-family kinases transduce signals that are involved in the control of a variety of cellular processes, including proliferation, differentiation, motility and adhesion. Src-family ki-nases contain an amino-terminal cell membrane anchor followed by an SH3 domain and an SH2 domain, which are involved in modular association and activation, respectively. Src-family kinases, which are normally maintained in an inactive state and can be activated transiently during cellular events such as mitosis. Different subcellular localizations of Src-family kinases may be important for the regulation of specific cellular processes such as mitogenesis, cytoskeletal organization and membrane trafficking. c-Fgr is a human non-receptor tyrosine kinase family member that was discovered by using a probe toward the v-Fgr portion of the cell-derived domain of Gardner-Rasheed feline sarcoma virus. The human c-Fgr gene encodes a 529 amino acid protein.

Gene ID:

2268

Pathways:

Sensory Perception of Sound, Stem Cell Maintenance, Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, CXCR4-mediated Signaling Events, Thromboxane A2 Receptor Signaling

Application Details

Application Notes:

ELISA 1:500-1000

IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

ICC 1:100-500

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months