

# Datasheet for ABIN181668 anti-APOE antibody (Isoform E3)



## Overview

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## **Target Details**

	consequence of impaired clearance of chylomicron and VLDL remnants. Mutations in the APOE gene confer susceptibility to Alzheimer's disease by affecting amyloid-beta deposition. Synonyms: Apo-E, ApoE
Gene ID:	348
NCBI Accession:	NP_000032
UniProt:	P02649
Pathways:	Regulation of Cell Size, Lipid Metabolism

### **Application Details**

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ELISA: Indirect: To detect hApoE3 (using 100  $\mu$ L/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.5 - 2.0  $\mu$ g/mL of this antibody is required. In conjunction with compatible secondaryreagents, it allows the detection of at least 0.2 - 0.4 ng/well of recombinant hApoE3. Sandwich: To detect hApoE3 (using 100  $\mu$ L/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.5 - 2.0  $\mu$ g/mL of this antibody is required. In conjunction with Biotinylated Anti-HumanApoE3 as a detection antibody, it allows the detection of at least 0.2 - 0.4 ng/well ofrecombinant hApoE3. Western blot: To detect hApoE3 this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1 - 0.2  $\mu$ g/mL. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detectionlimit for recombinant hApoE3 is 1.5 - 3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducingconditions. Other applications not tested.

Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

### Handling

Reconstitution:	Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Restore in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1 - 1.0 mg/mL.	
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.2	
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.	
Storage:	-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store the lyophilized antibody at -20 °C. Following reconstitution it is stable for two weeks at 2 - 8 °C. Frozen aliquots are stable for 6 months when stored at -20 °C.	
Expiry Date:	6 months	