

Datasheet for ABIN181672

anti-MIA antibody



\sim			
()\	/ e	rVI	iew

Quantity:	50 μg
Target:	MIA
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This MIA antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Highly pure (> 98%) recombinant Human MIA
Specificity:	This antibody detects MIA.
Purification:	Immunoaffinity Chromatography.

Target Details

Target:	MIA
Alternative Name:	MIA (MIA Products)
Background:	Melanoma Inhibitory Activity (MIA) was originally identified as an inhibitor of the in vitro growth
	of malignant melanoma cells. It was the first discovered member of a family of secreted
	cytokines termed the MIA/OTOR family. The four known members of this family, Melanoma
	Inhibitory Activity, MIA2, OTOR and TANGO each contain a Src homology-3 (SH3)-like domain.

Melanoma Inhibitory Activity is an autocrine growth regulatory protein secreted from chondrocytes and malignant melanoma cells that promotes melanoma metastasis by binding competitively to fibronectin and laminin in a manner that results in melanoma cell detachment from the extracellular matrix in vivo. Elevated levels of Melanoma Inhibitory Activity may represent a clinically useful marker for diagnosis of melanoma metastasis as well as a potential marker for rheumatoid arthritis. Synonyms: Melanoma inhibitory activity, Melanoma-derived growth regulatory protein

Gene ID:

8190

NCBI Accession:

NP_001189482

UniProt:

Q16674

Application Details

Application Notes:

Immunohistochemistry: This antibody stained formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections of human pancreas infiltrating ductal adenocarcinoma tissue. The recommended concentration is $1.0-2.0~\mu g/mL$ with an overnight incubation at $4~^{\circ}C$. An HRP-labeled polymer detection system was used with an alcohol-soluble AEC chromogen. Optimal results for these conditions were achieved with heat induced antigen retrieval with a pH 6.0~Sodium Citrate buffer enzyme induced antigen retrieval with proteinase K at room temperature.

Optimal conditions may vary. Tissue samples were provided by the Cooperative Human Tissue Network which is funded by the National Cancer Institute. Indirect ELISA: To detect Human MIA (using 100 μ L/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.5-2.0 μ g/mL of this antibody is required. In conjunction with compatible secondaryreagents, it allows the detection of at least 0.2-0.4 ng/well of recombinant Human MIA. Sandwich ELISA: To detect Human MIA (using 100 μ L/well antibody solution) aconcentration of 0.5-2.0 μ g/mL of this antibody is required. In conjunction withBiotinylated Anti-Human MIA (ABIN181670 or ABIN181669) as a Detection antibody, itallows the detection of at least 0.2-0.4 ng/well of recombinant Human MIA. Western blot: To detect Human MIA this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1-0.2

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Reconstitution:	Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Restore in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL.
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives.
Preservative:	Without preservative

Handling

Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store the lyophilized antibody at -20 °C. Following reconstitution it is stable for two weeks at 2-8 °C. Frozen aliquots are stable for 6 months when stored at -20 °C.
Expiry Date:	6 months