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anti-NPPC antibody (AA 31-126)

2 Images



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Overview

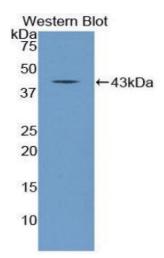
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	NPPC
Binding Specificity:	AA 31-126
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This NPPC antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to C-Type Natriuretic Peptide (CNP)
Immunogen:	Recombinant C-Type Natriuretic Peptide (CNP)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against CNP. It has been selected for its ability to recognize CNP in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

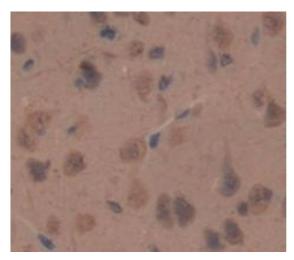
Target Details

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Target:	NPPC
Alternative Name:	C-Type Natriuretic Peptide (NPPC Products)
Background:	Alternative Names: NPPC, Natriuretic Peptide Precursor C
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.5-2 μg/mL
	Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL
	Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL
	Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration
	date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	0.01M PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.05 % Proclin-300, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled.
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a
	physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute
	azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of
	potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without
	detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	24 months



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Rat Tissue