antibodies -online.com







anti-EPHA1 antibody (AA 599-842)

Images



\sim			
	$ \backslash / \cap$	r\/I	$\triangle V$

Overview		
Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	EPHA1	
Binding Specificity:	AA 599-842	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This EPHA1 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	
Product Details		
	531114 (T. 500 01 040)	

Immunogen:	EPHA1 (Tyr599-Gly842)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against EPHA1. It has been selected for its ability to recognize EPHA1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	EPHA1	
Abstract:	EPHA1 Products	
Background:	Alternative Names: EPH, EPHT, EPHT1, EPH Receptor A1, EPH tyrosine kinase 1, Erythropoietin-	

1	oroducina hepa	atoma receptor,	Т١	vrosine-	protein	kinase	receptor	EPH

Application Details

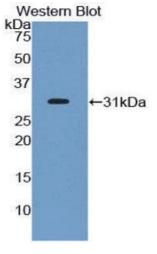
Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Comment: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Restrictions:	For Research Use only

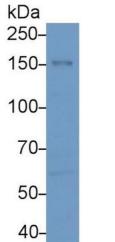
Handling

Format:	Liquid		
Concentration:	Lot specific		
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.		
Preservative:	Sodium azide		
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.		
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.		
Storage:	4 °C		
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 °C for 12 months.		
Expiry Date:	12 months		



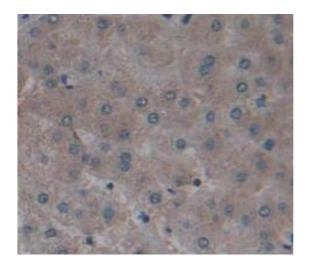
Western Blotting

Image 1.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western Blot; Sample: Human MCF7 cell lysate; Primary Ab: 2μg/ml Rabbit Anti-Human EPHA1 Antibody Second Ab: 0.2μg/mL HRP-Linked Caprine Anti-Rabbit IgG Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog: SAA544Rb19)



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Human Tissue