Datasheet for ABIN1858872

anti-FGF23 antibody (AA 157-238)

1 Image

Go to Product page

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	FGF23
Binding Specificity:	AA 157-238
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This FGF23 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Fibroblast Growth Factor 23 (FGF23)
Immunogen:	RPA746Hu02Recombinant Fibroblast Growth Factor 23 (FGF23)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against FGF23. It has been selected for its ability to recognize FGF23 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	FGF23
Alternative Name:	FGF23 (FGF23 Products)

Target Details

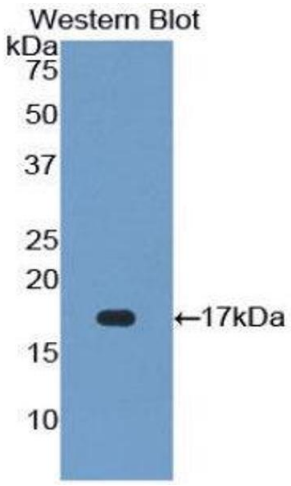
Background:	ADHR, HYPF, HPDR2, PHPTC, Phosphatonin, Tumor-derived hypophosphatemia-inducing factor
Pathways:	RTK Signaling, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway, Negative Regulation of Hormone Secretion

Application Details

Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.01-2 µg/mL,Immunohistochemistry: 5-30 µg/mL,Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.5 mg/mL
Buffer:	0.01M PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.05 % Proclin-300, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months



Western Blotting

Image 1.

