

Datasheet for ABIN1859056 anti-GPI antibody (AA 308-558)

2 Images



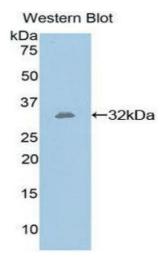
Go to Product page

	ve	rv	ie	W
\circ	v C	· I V	10	V V

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	GPI
Binding Specificity:	AA 308-558
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This GPI antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP),
	Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Glucose 6 Phosphate Isomerase (GPI)
Immunogen:	RPA725Mu01Recombinant Glucose 6 Phosphate Isomerase (GPI)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against GPI. It has been selected for its
	ability to recognize GPI in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography
Target Details	
Target:	GPI

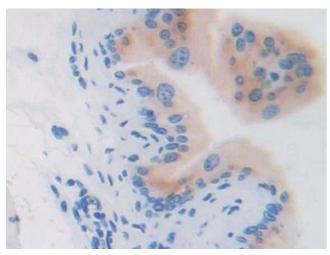
Target Details

Alternative Name:	Glucose 6 Phosphate Isomerase (GPI Products)	
Target Type:	Viral Protein	
Background:	AMF, NLK, PHI, SA36, Phosphoglucose Isomerase, Autocrine motility factor, Neuroleukin,	
	Phosphohexose isomerase, Sperm antigen 36	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.01-2 μg/mL,lmmunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,lmmunocytochemistry: 5-	
	20 μg/mL,Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated	
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious	
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration	
	date under appropriate storage condition.	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	0.5 mg/mL	
Buffer:	0.01M PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.05 % Proclin-300, 50 % glycerol.	
Preservative:	ProClin	
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled.	
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or	
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a	
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a	
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute	
Handling Advice:	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of	
Handling Advice: Storage:	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.	
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Storage:	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 4 °C,-20 °C	
Storage:	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 4 °C,-20 °C Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without	



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. DAB staining on IHC-P; Samples: Mouse Vas Deferens Tissue