

Datasheet for ABIN1859102

anti-Glucuronidase beta antibody (AA 440-648)

2 Images



Overview

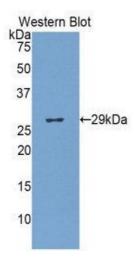
Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	Glucuronidase beta (GUSB)
Binding Specificity:	AA 440-648
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Glucuronidase beta antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP),
	Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Glucuronidase Beta (GUSb)
Immunogen:	GUSb (Val440-Phe648)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against GUSb. It has been selected for its
	ability to recognize GUSb in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography
Target Details	
Target:	Glucuronidase beta (GUSB)

Target Details

Expiry Date:

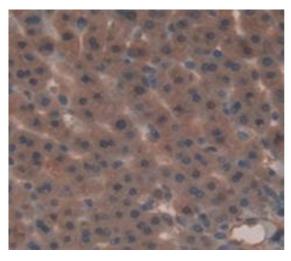
Target Details	
Alternative Name:	GUSb (GUSB Products)
Background:	GUS-B, MPS7, Beta-G1
Pathways:	Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.2-2 μg/mL,1:250-2500 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,1:25-100
	Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 μ g/mL,1:25-100 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration
	date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.01 % SKL, 1 mM DTT, 5 % Trehalose and Proclin300.
Preservative:	Dithiothreitol (DTT), ProClin, Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled.
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a
	physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute
	azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of
	potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without
	detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

12 months



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Rat Tissue