antibodies - online.com







anti-HYAL1 antibody (AA 52-462)



Images



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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	HYAL1	
Binding Specificity:	AA 52-462	
Reactivity:	Mouse	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This HYAL1 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	

Product Details

Immunogen:	HYAL1 (Gly52-Met462)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against HYAL1. It has been selected for its ability to recognize HYAL1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	HYAL1	
Alternative Name:	Hyaluronoglucosaminidase 1 (HYAL1) (HYAL1 Products)	
Background:	ound: Alternative Names: LUCA1, NAT6, Hyaluronidase-1, Lung carcinoma protein 1	

Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process

Application Details

Application Notes:

Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500
 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Comment:

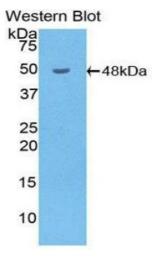
The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

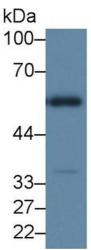
Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled.
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a
	physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute
	azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of
	potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 °C for 12 months.
Expiry Date:	12 months



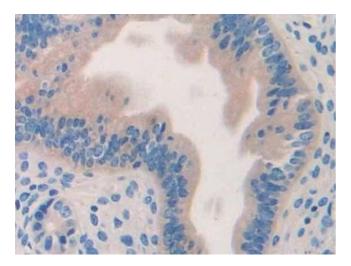
Western Blotting

Image 1.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western Blot; Sample: Mouse Kidney lysate; Primary Ab: 2μg/ml Rabbit Anti-Mouse HYAL1 Antibody Second Ab: 0.2μg/mL HRP-Linked Caprine Anti-Rabbit IgG Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog: SAA544Rb19)



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. DAB staining on IHC-P; Samples: Mouse Uterus Tissue