

#### Datasheet for ABIN1859343

## anti-IL-15 antibody (AA 49-162) (APC)

# 1 Image



#### Overview

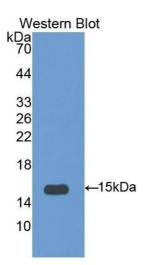
100 μL
IL-15 (IL15)
AA 49-162
Rabbit
Guinea Pig
Polyclonal
This IL-15 antibody is conjugated to APC
Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Interleukin 15 (IL15)
Immunogen:	IL15 (AA 49-162)
Sequence:	MGHHHHHHSG SEF-NW HDVISDLKRI EDLIKSIHID ATLYTESDAH PNCKVTAMKC FLLELRVISH ESRNMDINET VQNLIILANT SLSSKGNVTE SGCKECEELE EKNITEFLQS FIHIVQMFIN SP
Isotype:	IgG
Isotype: Specificity:	The antibody is a cavia polyclonal antibody raised against IL15. It has been selected for its ability to recognize IL15 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

## **Target Details**

rarget Details	
Target:	IL-15 (IL15)
Alternative Name:	IL15 (IL15 Products)
Pathways:	JAK-STAT Signaling, Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.2-2 $\mu$ g/mL,1:250-2500 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 $\mu$ g/mL,1:25-100 Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 $\mu$ g/mL,1:25-100 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.01 % SKL, 1 mM DTT, 5 % Trehalose and Proclin300.
Preservative:	Dithiothreitol (DTT), ProClin
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months



## **Western Blotting**

Image 1.